



Case: S ECI 2023 01835

No. S ECI 2023 01835

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BETWEEN

JUSTINE LIDGETT

Plaintiff

CAMERON LIDGETT

Second Plaintiff

AND

DOWNER EDI LIMITED (ACN 003 872 848)

First Defendant

KPMG (A FIRM) (ABN 51 194 660 183)

Second Defendant

FIRST DEFENDANT'S AMENDED DEFENCE TO AMENDED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CLAIM

(Filed pursuant to order of Justice Delany, made 9 April 17 June 2025)

Date of Document: 20 June 2025 28 April 2025 Solicitors Code: 103351

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PRELIMINARY

The terms defined by the Plaintiffs in the Amended Consolidated Statement of Claim dated 26 February 2025 (**ACSOC**) have the same meaning in this <u>Amended</u> Defence, unless otherwise defined. The First Defendant does not admit any factual assertions contained in or implied by the use of those defined terms. Headings are used for convenience only and do not form part of this Amended Defence.

A. INTRODUCTION

A.1 The Plaintiffs and Group Members

- 1. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 1 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits this proceeding is commenced as a group proceeding pursuant to Part 4A
 of the Supreme Court of Victoria Act 1986 (Vic) by the plaintiffs in their individual
 and representative capacity; and
 - (b) otherwise does not know and therefore cannot admit the allegations in paragraph 1 of the ACSOC.
- 2. The First Defendant does not know and therefore cannot admit the allegations in paragraph 2 of the ACSOC.
- 3. The First Defendant does not know and therefore cannot admit the allegations in paragraph 3 of the ACSOC.

A.2 Legal obligations to which Downer was subject

- 4. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 4 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits that during the Relevant Period, it was a "person" for the purposes of the legislative provisions pleaded at sub-paragraphs 4(a)-(c); and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 4 of the ACSOC.
- 5. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 5 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits that it was included in the official list of the financial market operated by the ASX on 20 December 1990;
 - (b) as to the allegations in sub-paragraph 5(a):
 - (i) admits that during the Relevant Period, Downer Shares:

- (A) were ED securities for the purposes of s 111AE of the *Corporations Act* 2001 (Cth) (Corporations Act);
- (B) were quoted ED securities for the purposes of s 111AM of the Corporations Act; and
- (C) were able to be acquired and disposed of by investors and potential investors on the Affected Market; and
- (ii) otherwise denies the allegations in sub-paragraph 5(a) of the ACSOC;
- (c) as to the allegations in sub-paragraphs 5(b)(i) to (ii):
 - (i) admits that during the Relevant Period:
 - (A) it was a listed entity within the meaning of s 111AL(1) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (B) it was subject to and bound by the ASX Listing Rules; and
 - (ii) otherwise denies the allegations in sub-paragraphs 5(b)(i) to (ii) of the ACSOC; and
- (d) as to the allegations in sub-paragraphs 5(b)(iii) to (vi):
 - relies on the terms of the provisions for their full force and effect as in force from time to time during the Relevant Period;
 - (ii) admits that it was bound by the provisions as in force from time to time during the Relevant Period; and
 - (iii) otherwise denies the allegations in sub-paragraphs 5(b)(iii) to (vi).
- 6. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 6, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that on and from 14 August 2021:
 - (i) pursuant to s 1041H(4) of the Corporations Act, if it engaged in conduct that did not contravene s 674A(2) of the Corporations Act, but would contravene that subsection if sub-paragraph 674A(2)(d) contained the same text as subparagraph 674(2)(d), its engaging in conduct did not contravene s 1041H(1) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (ii) pursuant to s 12DA(3) of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001 (Cth) (ASIC Act), if it engaged in conduct that did not contravene s 674A(2) of the Corporations Act, but would contravene that

subsection if sub-paragraph 674A(2)(d) contained the same text as sub-paragraph 674(2)(d), its engaging in that conduct did not contravene s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act;

- (b) says further that on and from 14 August 2021:
 - section 674 of the Corporations Act has not been a civil penalty provision or a financial services civil penalty provision within the meaning of ss 1317E(3) and 1317HA of the Corporations Act;
 - (ii) section 674 of the Corporations Act has not been a s 1325 order provision within the meaning of s 1325(7) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (iii) in the premises, the Plaintiffs are not entitled to an order for compensation under sections 1317HA or 1325 of the Corporations Act for damage caused by any conduct of the First Defendant in contravention of s 674 of the Corporations Act; and
- (c) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 6 of the ACSOC.
- 7. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 7 of the ACSOC.
- 8. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 8 of the ACSOC.
- 9. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 9 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits that it was required to comply with AASB 15 as in force from time to time during the Relevant Period;
 - (b) says further that there were three versions of AASB 15 applicable during the Relevant Period;

- i. AASB 15, no. 3 (applicable to annual periods from 1 January 2019 to 1 January 2021, prepared on 3 January 2019).
- ii. AASB 15, no. 4 (applicable to annual periods from 1 January 2019 to 1 January 2021, prepared on 2 March 2020).
- iii. AASB 15, no. 5 (applicable to annual periods from 1 July 2012 to 1 January 2023, prepared on 30 June 2021).

- (c) admits that there were other accounting standards with which it was required to comply during the Relevant Period;
- (d) does not know, and therefore cannot admit, which "other accounting standards" the Plaintiffs allege it was required to comply with; and
- (e) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 9 of the ACSOC.
- 10. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 10 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that the part of AASB 15 which paragraph 10 purports to summarise relates only to circumstances where contract revenue relates to variable consideration;

- i. AASB 15 (versions 3-5), paragraphs 50 to 54, 56-59.
- (b) says further that part of AASB 15 which paragraph 10 purports to summarise does not describe all the circumstances in which the First Defendant was permitted to recognise revenue consistently with AASB 15;
- (c) refers to and relies on the terms of AASB 15 as in force during the Relevant Period for its full terms and effect; and
- (d) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 10 of the ACSOC.
- 11. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 11 of the ACSOC.
- 12. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 12 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that the part of IFRS 15 which paragraph 12 purports to summarise relates only to circumstances where contract revenue relates to variable consideration;

- i. IFRS 15, paragraphs 50-54, 56-59.
- (b) says further that part of IFRS 15 which paragraph 12 purports to summarise does not describe all the circumstances in which an entity is permitted to recognise revenue consistently with IFRS 15;
- (c) refers to and relies on the terms of IFRS 15 as in force during the Relevant Period for its full terms and effect; and
- (d) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 12 of the ACSOC.

A.3 Downer's business

- 13. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 13 of the ACSOC.
- 14. In response to the allegation in paragraph 14 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that for the HY20 to FY22 period, the First Defendant's business conducted the following operations:
 - (i) Transport comprising the First Defendant's Road Services, Projects, and Rollingstock Services (later known as Rail and Transit Systems) businesses, with services including management and maintenance of road networks across Australia and New Zealand, design and construction of light rail, heavy rail, signalling, tack and station works, rail safety technology, bridges and roads; and rollingstock asset management;
 - (ii) Utilities including services across the power and gas, water, renewable energy and telecommunications sectors, including planning, designing, constructing, operating, maintaining, managing and decommissioning power and gas network assets, delivering complete water lifestyle solutions for municipal and industrial water users, services and solutions for renewable energy assets including procurement, assembly, design, construction, commissioning and maintenance, and providing end-to-end technology and communications solutions with integrated civil construction, electrical, fibre, copper and radio network deployment capability throughout Australia and New Zealand;
 - (iii) Facilities operating in Australia and New Zealand, delivering facilities services to customers across a diverse range of industry sectors including: defence, education, government, healthcare, senior living, sports and venues, resources, leisure and hospitality, airports, industrial, commercial, property, mineral technologies, utilities and public private partnerships;
 - (iv) Engineering, Construction and Maintenance comprising its Asset Services and Engineering & Construction businesses, with services including design, engineering, construction, maintenance and ongoing management of critical assets; and
 - (i) Mining operating in more than 60 sites in Australia, Papua New Guinea, South America and Southern Africa, providing services at all stages of the mining lifecycle, including exploration drilling, open cut mining services in

Australia, underground mining services in Australia and Papua New Guinea, drilling, explosives manufacture and supply, blasting and crushing, Tyre management and mine closure and rehabilitation;

Particulars

- i. HY20 Half Year Financial Report, 12 February 2020, 3 to 8 [DOW.3000.0070.9991].
- ii. FY20 Annual Report, 12 August 2020, 7 to 10 [DOW.3000.0070.9995].
- iii. HY21 Half-year Report, 11 February 2021, 3 to 8 [DOW.3000.0070.9996].
- iv. FY21 Annual Report, 12 August 2021, 6, 7 to 9 [DOW.3000.0070.9997].
- v. HY22 Half-year Report, 10 February 2022, 9 to 12 [DOW.3000.0023.9998].
- vi. FY22 Annual Report, 17 August 2022, 10, 15 to 17 [DOW.3000.0023.9999].

(b) says that:

- (i) in February 2020, the First Defendant announced its decision to shift its focus from major construction efforts to other areas, including transport, voltage transmission and substations, telecommunications, water, wind transport (being within the First Defendant's other divisional segments); and
- (ii) in FY22, the First Defendant divested its mining business;

- i. FY22 Annual Report, 17 August 2022, 17 [DOW.3000.0023.9999].
- FY20 Half Year Results, Investor Webcast transcript, 12
 February 2020, 2 [DOW.2002.0001.0017].
- (c) says that, following the events described at (b) above, in FY23, the First Defendant's business conducted the following operations:
 - (i) Transport (as described in paragraph 14(a)(i) above);

- (ii) Utilities (as described in paragraph 14(a)(ii) above); and
- (iii) Facilities (as described in paragraph 14(a)(iii) above); and

- i. HY23 Half-year Report, 27 February 2023, 8 to 10 [DOW.3000.0049.9999].
- FY23 Annual Report, 10 August 2023, 8 to 11, 79
 [DOW.2000.0001.2299].
- (d) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 14 of the ACSOC.

A.4 Directors and officers of Downer

- 15. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 15 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) as to the allegations in sub-paragraph 15(a) of the ACSOC:
 - (i) says that Fenn was a director of Downer from 1 July 2010 to 1 August 2010;
 - (ii) admits that Fenn was the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of Downer from 2 August 2010 to 27 February 2023; and
 - (iii) otherwise denies the allegations in sub-paragraph 15(a); and
 - (b) admits the allegations in sub-paragraph 15(b) of the ACSOC.
- 16. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 16 of the ACSOC.
- 17. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 17 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that Cinerari:
 - (i) was the Chief Executive Officer Downer Works Australia from in or around October 2008 to February 2011;
 - (ii) was the Chief Operating Officer Infrastructure East, Australian Operations from in or around March 2011 to January 2015;
 - (iii) was the Chief Executive Officer Transport and Infrastructure division from in or around January 2015 to 25 August 2019; and
 - (iv) was the Chief Operating Officer Australian Operations of Downer from in or around 26 August 2019 to February 2022; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 17 of the ACSOC.

- 18. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 18 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that Ferguson was Acting Chief Financial Officer of Downer from in or around April 2016 to 5 October 2016;
 - (b) admits that Ferguson was:
 - (i) the Chief Financial Officer of Downer from 6 October 2016 to 31 August 2023; and
 - (ii) an officer of Downer within the meaning of s 9 of the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rule 19.2 at all times from October 2016 to 31 August 2023; and
 - (c) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 18 of the ACSOC.
- 19. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 19 of the ACSOC.
- 20. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 20 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that Cohen:
 - (i) was the Executive General Manager Infrastructure of Tenix Holdings Australia from 26 January 2013 to in or around October 2014;
 - (ii) was the Executive General Manager Infrastructure of Downer from in or around October 2014 to 31 March 2015; and
 - (iii) was the Executive Director Utilities division of Downer from in or around 1 April 2015 to 31 May 2022; and
 - (b) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 18 of the ACSOC.
- 21. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 21 of the ACSOC.
- 22. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 22 of the ACSOC.
- 23. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 23 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits the paragraph insofar as it relates to the individuals and periods pleaded in paragraphs 15 to 21 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 23 of the ACSOC.

B. DOWNER'S STATEMENTS TO THE MARKET

- B.1 23 July 2019 announcement of the AusNet Contract
- 24. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 24 of the ACSOC.

- 25. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 25 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and relies on the terms of the 23 July 2019 Announcement for its full terms and effect [DOW.3000.0070.9990];
 - (b) says that on 22 July 2019, an Operations and Maintenance Agreement was entered into between AusNet Electricity Services Pty Ltd, AusNet Transmission Group Pty Ltd (together, AusNet Services) and Downer Utilities Australia Pty Ltd (Downer Utilities), a subsidiary of Downer (AusNet Contract or OMSA) [DOW.3000.0022.9999; DOW.3000.0021.9999]; and
 - (c) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 25 of the ACSOC.
- 26. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 26 of the ACSOC.
- 27. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 27 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 25 of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) says that the AusNet Contract has generated in revenue approximately:
 - (i) \$36 million for the period April 2020 to June 2020;
 - (ii) between \$152 million to \$176 million per annum in FY21, FY22 and FY23; and
 - (c) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 27 of the ACSOC.

B.2 Capital Raise

- 28. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 28 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits the allegations in sub-paragraph 28(a) of the ACSOC; and
 - (b) admits the allegations in sub-paragraph 28(b) of the ACSOC save that Cleansing Notice title referred to "708AA(2)(f)" not "7088AA(2)(f)".
- 29. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 29 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and relies on the terms of the Capital Raise Announcement for its full terms and effect; and
 - (b) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 29 of the ACSOC.
- 30. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 30 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant refers to and repeats paragraph 29 of this Amended Defence.

- 31. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 31 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and relies on the terms of the Cleansing Notice for its full terms and effect; and
 - (b) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 31 of the ACSOC.

B.3 12 August 2020 announcements

- 32. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 32 of the ACSOC.
- 33. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 33 of the ACSOC.
- 34. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 34 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and relies on the terms of the FY20 Annual Report for its full terms and effect;
 - (b) says further that the FY20 Annual Report included the Independent Auditor's Report for FY20 by which KPMG reported that, in KPMG's opinion, the Consolidated Financial Report of Downer EDI Limited for FY20 complied with the Corporations Act, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Downer Group's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for FY20; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards

(FY20 Audit Opinions);

- (c) says further that KPMG identified in its Independent Auditor's Report for FY20 that a "Key Audit Matter", being a matter which in KPMG's professional judgment was a matter of most significance in its audit, was "Recognition of Revenue"; and
- (d) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 34 of the ACSOC.
- 35. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 35 of the ACSOC.
- 36. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 36 of the ACSOC.

B.4 11 February 2021 announcements

- 37. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 37 of the ACSOC.
- 38. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 38 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that the table extracted in paragraph 38 of the ACSOC inaccurately refers to 31 Dec 2021 instead of 31 Dec 2019;

- (b) refers to and relies on the terms of the HY21 Appendix 4D for its full terms and effect; and
- (c) otherwise admits paragraph 38 of the ACSOC.
- 39. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 39 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and relies on the terms of the HY21 Half-year Report for its full terms and effect;
 - (b) says further that the HY21 Half-year Report included the Independent Auditor's Review Report by which KPMG reported that it had reviewed the Condensed Consolidated Half-year Financial Report and had not become aware of any matter that made KPMG believe the Consolidated Half-year Financial Report did not comply with the Corporations Act, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the Downer Group's financial position as at 31 December 2020 and of its performance for the half-year ended on 31 December 2020; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards

(HY21 Half-year Review Opinion); and

- (c) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 39 of the ACSOC.
- 40. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 40 of the ACSOC.
- 41. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 41 of the ACSOC.

B.5 12 August 2021 announcements

- 42. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 42 of the ACSOC.
- 43. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 43 of the ACSOC.
- 44. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 44 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and relies on the terms of the FY21 Annual Report for its full terms and effect;
 - (b) says further that the FY21 Annual Report included the Independent Auditor's Report for FY21 by which KPMG reported that, in KPMG's opinion, the Consolidated Financial Report of Downer EDI Limited for FY21 complied with the Corporations Act, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Downer Group's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance for FY21; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards

(FY21 Audit Opinions);

- (c) says further that KPMG identified in its Independent Auditor's Report for FY21 that a "Key Audit Matter", being a matter which in KPMG's professional judgment was a matter of most significance in its audit, was "Recognition of Revenue"; and
- (d) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 44 of the ACSOC.
- 45. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 45 of the ACSOC.
- 46. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 46 of the ACSOC.

B.6 10 February 2022 announcements

- 47. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 47 of the ACSOC.
- 48. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 48 of the ACSOC.
- 49. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 49 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and relies on the terms of the HY22 Half-year Report for its full terms and effect;
 - (b) says further that the HY22 Half-year Report included the Independent Auditor's Review Report by which KPMG reported that it had reviewed the Condensed Consolidated Half-year Financial Report and had not become aware of any matter that made KPMG believe the Consolidated Half-year Financial Report did not comply with the Corporations Act, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the Downer Group's financial position as at 31 December 2021 and of its performance for the half-year ended on 31 December 2021; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards

(HY22 Half-year Review Opinion); and

- (c) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 49 of the ACSOC.
- 50. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 50 of the ACSOC.
- 51. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 51 of the ACSOC.

B.7 17 August 2022 announcements

- 52. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 52 of the ACSOC.
- 53. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 53 of the ACSOC.
- 54. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 54 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and relies on the terms of the FY22 Annual Report for its full terms and effect:
 - (b) says further that the FY22 Annual Report included the Independent Auditor's Report for FY22 by which KPMG reported that, in KPMG's opinion, the Consolidated Financial Report of Downer EDI Limited for FY22 complied with the Corporations Act, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Downer Group's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for FY22; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards

(FY22 Audit Opinions);

- (c) says further that KPMG identified in its Independent Auditor's Report for FY22 that a "Key Audit Matter", being a matter in which KPMG's professional judgment was a matter of most significance in its audit, was "Recognition of Revenue"; and
- (d) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 54 of the ACSOC.
- 55. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 55 of the ACSOC.
- 56. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 56 of the ACSOC.

B.8 3 November 2022 announcements

- 57. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 57 of the ACSOC.
- 58. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 58 of the ACSOC.
- 59. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 59 of the ACSOC.

B.9 8 December 2022 announcements

- 60. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 60 of the ACSOC.
- 61. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 61 of the ACSOC.

- 62. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 62 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and relies on the Transcript of 8 December 2022 Call for its full terms and effect; and
 - (b) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 62 of the ACSOC.

B.10 Price impact of the 8 December 2022 Announcement and/or the 8 December 2022 Call

- 63. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 63 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that the closing price of Downer Shares:
 - (i) on 7 December 2022 was \$4.80;
 - (ii) on 8 December 2022 was \$3.82; and
 - (iii) on 9 December 2022 was \$3.70;
 - (b) says that the traded volume of Downer Shares:
 - (i) on 8 December 2022 was 30,165,218; and
 - (ii) on 9 December 2022 was 18,713,932; and
 - (c) otherwise denies paragraph 63 of the ACSOC.

B.11 Price impact of the 8 December 2022 Announcement and/or the 8 December 2022 Call

- 64. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 64 of the ACSOC.
- 65. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 65 of the ACSOC.
- 66. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 66 of the ACSOC.
- 67. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 67 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and relies on the terms of the HY23 Half-year Report for its full terms and effect;
 - (b) says further that the HY23 Half-year Report included the Independent Auditor's Review Report by which KPMG reported that it had reviewed the Condensed Consolidated Half-year Financial Report and had not become aware of any matter that made KPMG believe the Consolidated Half-year Financial Report did not comply with the Corporations Act, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Downer Group's financial position as at 31 December 2022 and of its performance for the half-year ended on 31 December 2022; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards

(HY23 Half-year Review Opinion); and

- (c) otherwise admits the allegations in paragraph 67 of the ACSOC.
- 68. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 68 of the ACSOC, save that "remain" in the sentence commencing "The market outlook" should be "remains".
- 69. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 69 of the ACSOC.

B.12 Price impact of the 27 February 2023 Disclosures

- 70. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 70 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that the closing price of Downer Shares:
 - (i) on 24 February 2023 was \$3.96;
 - (ii) on 27 February 2023 was \$3.02; and
 - (iii) on 28 February 2023 was \$3.16;
 - (b) says that the traded volume of Downer Shares on 27 February 2023 was 25,570,150; and
 - (c) otherwise denies paragraph 70 of the ACSOC.

C. THE TRUE POSITION

C.1 Features of the AusNet Contract, and its administration

- 71. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 71 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 25(b) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence and says further that:
 - (a) as to sub-paragraph 71(a) of the ACSOC:
 - (i) the AusNet Contract was executed on 22 July 2019 between Downer Utilities and AusNet Services; and
 - (ii) the Commencement Date of the AusNet Contract as defined in clause 1.1 of the OMSA was 1 April 2020;
 - (b) as to sub-paragraph 71(b) of the ACSOC, clause 2(i) of the AusNet Contract provided that the Electrical Services Contract dated 25 September 2012 between

- SPI Electricity Pty Ltd and Tenix Australia Pty Ltd (**ESC**) will be deemed to have expired on the day immediately preceding the Commencement Date of the AusNet Contract;
- (c) as to sub-paragraph 71(c) of the ACSOC, the First Defendant relies on the terms of the AusNet Contract and ESC respectively for their full force and effect;
- (d) as to sub-paragraphs 71(d)-(g) of the ACSOC, under the AusNet Contract:
 - (i) AusNet Services could issue Works Orders to Downer Utilities (cl 7.2(b)(i)); and
 - (ii) if Downer Utilities accepted and performed any such Works Order, it would be paid according to an agreed schedule of rates, or otherwise as quoted by Downer Utilities and agreed by AusNet Services (cll 7.1(a), 7.3(a), (b), (d), (f), 7.4(a)-(c), 48.1);
- (e) as to sub-paragraph (h), the AusNet Contract provided in cl 7.9 that the parties agreed to comply with "Schedule 19 Volume Commitment";
- (f) as to sub-paragraph (i):
 - says that Works Orders issued under the AusNet Contract could include operations and maintenance works, asset replacement, capital works and minor work (schs 6, 17); and
 - (ii) otherwise admits sub-paragraph (i); and
- (g) otherwise denies paragraph 71.
- 72. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 72 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) denies sub-paragraph 72(a) and says that the recognition of revenue in relation to the AusNet Contract was managed:
 - (i) prior to August 2022, by finance staff within Downer's Utilities management structure; and
 - (ii) from August 2022, within Downer's Finance (Utilities) management structure;

- (b) as to sub-paragraph (b), says that:
 - (i) revenue recognised on Works Orders issued under the AusNet Contract at any point in time comprised the aggregate of:
 - (A) the amount billed by Downer to AusNet Services for completed operations; and
 - (B) an estimate of the WIP, being the value of work completed but not yet invoiced;
 - (ii) where a Works Order was not completed and billed at the end of a reporting period, it was necessary to estimate the WIP that should be recognised in respect of that Works Order;
 - (iii) prior to April 2022, the calculation of WIP on the AusNet Contract depended on whether the costs incurred on a Works Order were in excess of the unbilled amount of the Works Order:
 - (A) where total costs incurred were less than the unbilled amount, the unbilled amount of the Works Order was recognised as WIP; and
 - (B) where total costs incurred exceeded the billable amount at the end of the reporting period, WIP was recognised as the total costs incurred plus a margin percentage;
 - (iv) after April 2022 until January 2023, the calculation of WIP on the AusNet Contract utilised a "stage of completion" approach, by which the unbilled amount of each Works Order was multiplied by a completion percentage which represented an estimate of the stage of completion of each Works Order;
 - (v) says further that changes made to the calculation of WIP in accordance with sub-paragraph 72(b)(iv) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence was reviewed and approved by the First Defendant's contract manager of the AusNet Contract;
 - (vi) admits that in some circumstances the calculation of WIP in accordance with the methods described in sub-paragraphs 72(b)(iii) and (iv) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence did not accurately estimate the value of work completed but not yet billed; and
 - (vii) otherwise denies sub-paragraph 72(b) of the ACSOC;
- (c) denies sub-paragraph 72(c) of the ACSOC;

- (d) as to sub-paragraph 72(d) of the ACSOC:
 - admits that Downer reviewed the WIP on the AusNet Contract on numerous occasions at a detailed level;
 - (ii) admits that those reviews did not focus on the point of revenue recognition for Works Orders; and
 - (iii) otherwise denies sub-paragraph 72(d); and
- (e) as to sub-paragraph 72(e)-(f) of the ACSOC:
 - says that at all material times, Downer had in place policies relating to the recognition of revenue on contracts (Downer's Revenue Recognition Policies);

- DG-FN-ST015 Revenue Recognition Standard [DOW.1001.0003.7789].
- ii. DG-DM-ST003 Profit Recognition Standard [DOW.1070.0002.9572].
- DG-DM-GU00 Project Commercial Management Guide –
 Implications of AASB 15/ IFRS 15 [DOW.1070.0002.9573].
- (ii) says that the WIP on the AusNet Contract was the subject of reviews by Downer's Project Management Office during the Relevant Period;
- (iii) says that in August 2022, as part of the audit process for FY22, KPMG conducted a review of the WIP balance on the AusNet Contract, and reported to Downer that it had found no evidence to substantiate a material misstatement in the AusNet Contract WIP;
- (iv) says that during the Relevant Period it did not require the revenue recognition methodology for the AusNet Contract to be approved by the Tenders and Contracts Committee; and
- (v) otherwise denies sub-paragraphs 72(e)-(f) of the ACSOC.
- 73. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 73 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) as to sub-paragraph 73(a) of the ACSOC:
 - (i) refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 72(b) of this Amended Defence; and

- (ii) says that the calculation of WIP on the AusNet Contract between 1 April 2020 and January 2023 resulted in the overstatement of revenue in that period;
- (b) as to sub-paragraph 73(b) of the ACSOC, says that:
 - (i) as at 1 April 2020 (and at all material times afterwards), the First Defendant had in place systems and processes for the recognition of revenue consistently with AASB 15;

Those systems and processes included:

- Downer's Revenue Recognition Policies.
- ii. Downer's Financial and Corporate Governance Self-Assessment process.
- iii. Downer's recognition of revenue was the subject of audit by KPMG throughout the Relevant Period.
- iv. Downer's Internal Audit function undertook periodic reviews of projects including in relation to WIP balances.
- v. In mid-2020, Internal Audit undertook a project valuation review for the Utilities business including obtaining the June 2020 WIP calculations for the AusNet Contract.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

(ii) at all material times from April 2020, the First Defendant had robust systems for reporting on the AusNet contract (including in relation to WIP);

- The AusNet Contract was allocated a dedicated contract management team including a contract manager, finance manager and senior management accountant.
- ii. Monthly Operations Summary Reports were prepared for the AusNet Contract for the period April 2020 onwards which reported on matters including a review of actual and forecast revenue, costs and gross margin and analysis of WIP.

iii. From at least June 2021, the time spent on any given Works Order under the AusNet Contract was reviewed by an accounting team.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

- (iii) Downer's systems and processes did not prevent the calculation of WIP on the AusNet Contract being calculated in accordance with the process described in sub-paragraph 72(b) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
- (iv) otherwise denies paragraph 73(b) of the ACSOC.
- 74. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 74 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that an "onerous contract" is a contract in which the "unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it";

Particulars

- i. AASB 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", p 7.
- (b) says that a contract is assessed as onerous over the course of the life of the contract;
- (c) says that it is therefore meaningless and impossible to assess, as the Plaintiffs purport to do in paragraph 74 of the ACSOC, whether the AusNet Contract was "onerous" during "the Relevant Period" or "during the period from 23 July 2019 to 8 December 2022":
- (d) says that during the Relevant Period and during the period from 23 July 2019 to
 8 December 2022, the AusNet Contract had an initial term of five years from 1 April
 2020 with the option to enter into two three-year extensions (clause 3.1-3.2);
- (e) says that at no point during the Relevant Period or during the period from 23 July 2019 to 8 December 2022 was the AusNet Contract onerous over the course of its life; and

Particulars

 AASB 137 defines an onerous contract as a contract in which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it.

- ii. The economic benefit expected to be received under the AusNet Contract is determined based on both the terms of the AusNet Contract and its commercial operation, including features such as:
 - a. the nature of the counterparty (AusNet Services), the services to be provided under the AusNet Contract, and the importance of those services to AusNet Services' operations;
 - b. the long-term relationship between AusNet Services and the First Defendant; and
 - c. in the premises, the likelihood of commercial renegotiation of terms of the AusNet Contract.
- iii. The First Defendant further relies on:
 - Agreement between AusNet Services and the First
 Defendant entered into on 24 February 2023; and
 - Agreement between AusNet Services and the First
 Defendant entered into on 14 November 2023.
- (f) otherwise denies paragraph 74 of the ACSOC.
- 75. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 75 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits that during the period from 1 April 2020 to 27 February 2023, the AusNet Contract was loss making;
 - (b) says that the AusNet Contract is, over the course of its life, a profitable contract;and

- i. AusNet Contract.
- Agreement between AusNet Services and the First Defendant entered into on 24 February 2023.
- Agreement between AusNet Services and the First Defendant entered into on 14 November 2023.
- (c) says further that the Transcript referred to in the particulars to paragraph 75 is of a call on 27 February 2023.

Twelve months ended 30 June 2020

- 76. The First Defendant admits paragraph 76.
- 77. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 77 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 34(b) of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) admits that the accounts upon which the FY20 Appendix 4E were based and contained in the FY20 Annual Report were not prepared in accordance with AASB 15:
 - (c) denies that the accounts upon which the FY20 Appendix 4E were based and contained in the FY20 Annual Report did not give a true and fair view of the financial performance and financial position of Downer; and

Particulars

- The matters pleaded at paragraph 76 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence were not "material" to the FY20 accounts on which the FY20 Appendix 4E contained in the FY20 Annual Report were based, within the meaning of AASB 108.
- (d) otherwise denies paragraph 77 of the ACSOC.

Six months ended 31 December 2020

- 78. The First Defendant admits paragraph 78.
- 79. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 79 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 39(b) of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) admits that the accounts upon which the HY21 Appendix 4D were based, and contained in the HY21 Half-year Report:
 - (i) were not prepared in accordance with AASB 15; and
 - (ii) did not give a true and fair view of the financial performance and financial position of Downer; and
 - (c) otherwise denies paragraph 79 of the ACSOC.

Twelve months ended 30 June 2021

80. The First Defendant admits paragraph 80.

- 81. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 81 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 44(b) of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) admits that the accounts upon which the FY21 Appendix 4E were based, and contained in the FY21 Annual report:
 - (i) were not prepared in accordance with AASB 15; and
 - (ii) did not give a true and fair view of the financial performance and financial position of Downer; and
 - (c) otherwise denies paragraph 81 of the ACSOC.

Six months ended 31 December 2021

- 82. The First Defendant admits the allegations in paragraph 82 of the ACSOC.
- 83. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 83 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 49(b) of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) admits that the accounts upon which the HY22 Appendix 4D were based, and contained in the HY22 Half Year Report:
 - (i) were not prepared in accordance with AASB 15; and
 - (ii) did not give a true and fair view of the financial performance and financial position of Downer; and
 - (c) otherwise denies paragraph 83 of the ACSOC.

Twelve months ended 30 June 2022

- 84. The First Defendant admits paragraph 84.
- 85. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 85 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 54(b) of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) admits that the accounts upon which the FY22 Appendix 4E were based, and contained in the FY22 Annual report:
 - (i) were not prepared in accordance with AASB 15; and
 - (ii) did not give a true and fair view of the financial performance and financial position of Downer; and
 - (c) otherwise denies paragraph 85 of the ACSOC.

C.2 Misstated Guidance for FY23

- 86. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 86 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits that its reported results for NPATA in FY23 was not, in fact, between \$210 million and \$230 million or \$247.8 million and \$270.3 million; and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 86 of the ACSOC.

D. MISLEADING OR DECEPTIVE CONDUCT

D.1 AusNet Contract

- 87. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 87 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) denies that the implied representations pleaded in sub-paragraphs 87(a)-(b) were made;
 - (b) says that the matters stated in the 23 July 2019 Announcement were stated subject to the full terms and effect of that document;
 - (c) says further that the express terms of the 23 July 2019 Announcement referred to the worth of the AusNet Contract (that is, its value), not the expected profits to be received; and
 - (d) further and alternatively, says that if (which is denied) the First Defendant made the implied representations pleaded at sub-paragraphs 87(a)-(b) of the ACSOC, those implied representations reflected the First Defendant's expectations, were statements of opinion and/or were forward looking representations for which the First Defendant had reasonable grounds.

- The 23 July 2019 Announcement was made by reference to the whole of the initial five-year term of the AusNet contract.
- ii. The 23 July 2019 Announcement was made following detailed analysis and review of the AusNet Contract by:
 - a. The First Defendant's Utilities team;
 - b. The First Defendant's Tenders and Contracts Committee; and
 - c. The First Defendant's Tender Risk Evaluation Committee.

- iii. The First Defendant relies on particulars (ii) and (iii) to paragraph 74(e) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence and says the 23 July 2019 Announcement was made having regard to the commercial nature of the AusNet contract in the context of the long-term commercial relationship which had existed between the First Defendant and AusNet Services.
- 88. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 88 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 87 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence and denies that the implied representation pleaded in paragraph 88 was made; and
 - (b) further and alternatively says that if (which is denied) the First Defendant made the implied representation pleaded at paragraph 87 of the ACSOC, it refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 87(d) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.
- 89. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 89 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) denies that the representation pleaded in paragraph 89 was made;
 - (b) says that the matters stated in the documents pleaded and particularised in paragraphs 32 to 36 of the ACSOC were made subject to the full terms and effect of those documents; and
 - (c) further and alternatively says that if (which is denied) the First Defendant made the partly implied and partly express representations pleaded at paragraph 89 of the ACSOC, then:
 - (i) that representation was reflected the First Defendant's expectations, was a statement of opinion and/or was a forward looking representation for which it had reasonable grounds; and
 - (ii) it refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 87(d) of this Amended Defence.
- 90. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 90 of the ACSOC.
- 91. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 91 of the ACSOC.
- 92. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 92 of the ACSOC and repeats sub-paragraph 87(d) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.
- 93. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 93 of the ACSOC and repeats sub-paragraph 87(d) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.

- 94. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 94 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 87 to 93 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 94 of the ACSOC.

D.2 Capital Raise Representations

- 95. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 95 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 28 and 30 of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) says that to the extent the alleged representation in paragraph 95 of the ACSOC is said to be express, it denies that the representation as pleaded was expressly made;
 - (c) says that to the extent the alleged representation in paragraph 95 of the ACSOC is said to be implied, it denies that the representation as pleaded was impliedly made;
 - (d) further and alternatively it says that if (which is denied) the First Defendant made the representation which is alleged at paragraph 95 of the ACSOC, then that representation reflected the First Defendant's expectations, was a statement of opinion, and/or was a forward looking representation, for which the First Defendant had reasonable grounds; and

- i. The First Defendant says the statements pleaded at paragraphs 28 and 30 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence were made after the preparation of the FY20 budget conducted in accordance with the First Defendant's systems for the preparation and review of a robust and detailed annual budget.
- ii. The systems and processes for the FY20 budget included:
 - in around early 2019, business units conducting a "bottom up" budgeting process at the level of each individual project within the business unit;
 - in around early 2019, the finance team of the First
 Defendant evaluating all business units;
 - in March 2019, presentation of financial information including preliminary targets by the heads of business units to the CEO and CFO and appropriate finance personnel;

- in April 2019, presentation by the heads of business units to the CEO and CFO and appropriate finance personnel in relation to strategy and revenue outlooks;
- e. between March and June 2019, the analysis by the finance team of issues that may affect the preliminary targets in order to consider whether those targets should be recalibrated;
- f. between February and June 2019, engagement between the finance team and each business unit to finalise the draft budgets for FY20 for submission to the Board;
- g. in April 2019, the issuing of final targets to business units;
- in June 2019, presentation of the proposed budget to the First Defendant's Board at the annual "Strategic Planning Session"; and
- following preparation of the draft budget, the review and consideration between June and November 2019, by the Audit and Risk Committee of the First Defendant's Board and the First Defendant's Board.
- iii. The statements pleaded at paragraphs 28 and 30 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence were made following a robust due diligence process, including:
 - a. the formation of a due diligence committee to oversee and conduct the capital raise;
 - b. a verification process of the statements pleaded at paragraphs 28 and 30 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence;
 - c. the Financial and Corporate Governance Self-Assessment process;
 - d. review and reporting by the First Defendant's auditors, KPMG;
 - e. review and reporting by the due diligence committee; and
 - f. the consideration by the due diligence committee and management of Downer of the reports particularised in d. and e. above.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

- (e) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 95 of the ACSOC.
- 96. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 96 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 95 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence and denies that the representation (whether express or implied) was made; and
 - (b) further and alternatively says that if (which is denied) the First Defendant made the representation pleaded at paragraph 96 of the ACSOC, it refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 95(d) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.
- 97. In answer to the allegations pleaded in paragraph 97 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 28 and 31 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence;
 - (b) admits that by the Cleansing Notice, the First Defendant stated that as at 21 July 2020:
 - (i) it had complied with the provisions of Chapter 2M of the Corporations Act as they applied to it; and
 - (ii) it had complied with s 674 of the Corporations Act; and
 - (c) otherwise denies paragraph 97 of the ACSOC.
- 98. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 98 of the ACSOC.
- 99. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 99 of the ACSOC.
- 100. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 100 of the ACSOC and refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 95(d) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.
- 101. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 101 of the ACSOC and refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 95(d) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.
- 102. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 102 of the ACSOC.
- 103. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 103 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 95 to 102 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 103 of the ACSOC.

D.3 30 June 2020 Financial Representations

104. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 104 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant refers to and repeats paragraphs 32 to 36 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence, and says further that:

- (a) as to sub-paragraph 104(a) of the ACSOC:
 - (i) it admits it made the express representation pleaded at sub-paragraph 104(a); and
 - (ii) it says that that representation was a statement of opinion for which it had reasonable grounds;

- The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 34(b) and 34(c) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.
- ii. The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e) and 73(b) of this Amended Defence.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

- (b) as to sub-paragraph 104(b) of the ACSOC:
 - (i) it admits it made the representations pleaded in sub-paragraphs 104(b)(ii),
 (iii) and (v) and says those representations were statements of opinion for which it had reasonable grounds;

Particulars

- The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 34(b) and 34(c) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.
- ii. The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e) and 73(b) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

- (ii) it denies that it made the representations pleaded in sub-paragraphs 104(b)(i) and (iv); and
- (iii) further or alternatively, says that if (which is denied) it made the representations pleaded in sub-paragraphs 104(b)(i) and (iv), those representations were statements of opinion for which it had reasonable grounds; and

Particulars

i. The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 34(b) and 34(c) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.

ii. The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e) and 73(b) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

- (c) it otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 104 of the ACSOC.
- 105. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 104 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant refers to and repeats paragraph 104 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence and otherwise denies the allegations.
- 106. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 106 of the ACSOC.
- 107. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 107 of the ACSOC.
- 108. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 108 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 76, 77 and 104 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 108 of the ACSOC.
- 109. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 109 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 104 to 108 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 109 of the ACSOC.

D.4 31 December 2020 Financial Representations

- 110. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 110 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant refers to and repeats paragraphs 37 to 41 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence and says further that:
 - (a) as to sub-paragraphs 110(a)-(b), it admits it made the express representations pleaded at sub-paragraph 110(a)-(b);
 - (b) it says that those representations were statements of opinion for which it had reasonable grounds; and

Particulars

- The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 39(b) of this Amended Defence.
- ii. The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e) and 73(b) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

(c) it otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 110 of the ACSOC.

- 111. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 111 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 110 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 111 of the ACSOC.
- 112. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 112 of the ACSOC.
- 113. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 113 of the ACSOC.
- 114. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 114 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 78, 79, 110 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 114 of the ACSOC.
- 115. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 115 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 110 to 114 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 115 of the ACSOC.

D.5 30 June 2021 Financial Representations

- 116. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 116 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) as to sub-paragraphs 116(a)-(b), admits it made the express representations pleaded at sub-paragraph 116(a)-(b);
 - (b) says that those representations were statements of opinion for which it had reasonable grounds; and

Particulars

- i. The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 44(b) and (c) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.
- ii. The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e)
 and 73(b) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

- (c) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 116 of the ACSOC.
- 117. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 117 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 116 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 117 of the ACSOC.
- 118. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 118 of the ACSOC.

- 119. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 119 of the ACSOC.
- 120. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 120 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 80, 81 and 116 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 120 of the ACSOC.
- 121. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 121 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 116 to 120 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 121 of the ACSOC.

D.6 31 December 2021 Financial Representations

- 122. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 122 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant refers to and repeats paragraphs 47 to 51 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence and says further that:
 - (a) as to sub-paragraphs 122(a)-(b), it admits it made the express representations pleaded at sub-paragraphs 122(a)-(b);
 - (b) it says that those representations were statements of opinion for which it had reasonable grounds; and

Particulars

- i. The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraph 49(b) of this Amended Defence.
- ii. The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e) and 73(b) of this Amended Defence.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

- (c) it otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 122 of the ACSOC.
- 123. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 123 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 47, 51 and 122 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 123 of the ACSOC.
- 124. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 124 of the ACSOC.
- 125. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 125 of the ACSOC.
- 126. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 126 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 82, 83 and 122 of this Amended Defence; and

- (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 126 of the ACSOC.
- 127. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 127 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 122 to 126 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 127 of the ACSOC.

D.7 30 June 2022 Financial Representations

- 128. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 128 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant refers to and repeats paragraphs 52 to 56 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence and says further that:
 - (a) as to sub-paragraphs 128(a)-(b), it admits it made the express representation pleaded at sub-paragraphs 128(a)-(b);
 - (b) it says that those representations were statements of opinion for which it had reasonable grounds; and

Particulars

- The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs
 54(b)-(c) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.
- ii. The First Defendant refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e) and 73(b) of this Amended Defence.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

- (c) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 128 of the ACSOC.
- 129. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 129 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 52, 56 and 128 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 129 of the ACSOC.
- 130. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 130 of the ACSOC.
- 131. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 131 of the ACSOC.
- 132. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 132 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 84, 85 and 128 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 132 of the ACSOC.
- 133. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 133 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 128 to 132 of this Amended Defence; and

(b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 133 of the ACSOC.

D.8 First FY23 Guidance Representation

- 134. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 134 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 54 of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) says that from time to time the First Defendant issued guidance in relation to its then current expectation of its likely earnings for the current year (Guidance Statements);
 - (c) says that Guidance Statements issued by the First Defendant to participants in the market:
 - (i) were statements that were made by the First Defendant, and received by participants in the market, in the context of the whole of the documents in which they were contained;
 - (ii) were point-in-time assessments made and expressed in light of then prevailing conditions, expected annual revenue and fact and matters known to the First Defendant; and
 - (iii) were consequently, as was apparent:
 - (A) difficult matters of judgment on which reasonable minds might differ; and
 - (B) inherently susceptible to revision as circumstances changed and new or different information emerged which had the potential to affect the First Defendant's expected revenue and costs for the current year; and
 - (iv) says that it issued revised guidance as and when it determined that it was sufficiently definite that the guidance previously issued would not be achieved;
 - (d) says that the First Defendant had systems and processes in place, where which
 were followed for the preparation and review of a robust and detailed annual
 budget for FY23;

- i. The systems and processes included:
 - a. from around November 2021, business units conducting a "bottom up" budgeting process at the level of each individual project within the business unit;
 - from November 2021, the finance team of the First
 Defendant evaluating all business units;
 - in December 2021, presentation by the heads of business units to the CEO, CFO and appropriate finance personnel in relation to strategy and revenue outlooks;
 - d. from November 2021 to January 2022, the aggregation of evaluated data;
 - e. in February 2022, the issuing of preliminary targets for consideration by the heads of business of each business unit;
 - f. the review and analysis of preliminary targets by the heads of business of each business unit:
 - g. in March 2022, presentation by business units to the CEO and CFO, on the achievability and risks and opportunities of the targets which were issued;
 - between February and June 2022, analysis by the finance team of issues that may affect preliminary targets in order to consider whether those targets should be recalibrated;
 - i. between March and April 2022, updates to the Board in relation to the budget process;
 - between February and June 2022, engagement between the finance team and each business unit to finalise the draft budgets for FY23 for submission to the Board;
 - k. in April 2022, the issuing of final targets to business units;
 - in June 2022, presentation of the proposed budget to the First Defendant's Board at the annual "Strategic Planning Session"; and.

- in June 2022, presentation of the proposed budget to the First Defendant's Board at the annual "Strategic Planning Session"; and
- n. following preparation of the draft budget, the review and consideration between June and August 2022, by the Audit and Risk Committee of the First Defendant's Board and the First Defendant's Board.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

- (e) denies that it made a representation in terms of what underlying NPATA for FY23 was "likely to be";
- (f) says that on 17 August 2022, the First Defendant made a Guidance Statement in terms that "For FY23, Downer expects 10-20% underlying NPATA growth, assuming no material COVID-19, weather, labour or other disruptions" (FY23 Guidance Statement) [DOW.3000.0023.9999];
- (g) says further that:
 - (i) the FY23 Guidance Statement; or
 - (ii) alternatively, the partly express and partly implied representation pleaded at paragraph 134 of the ACSOC (which is denied),

reflected the First Defendant's expectations, were statements of opinion, and/or were forward looking representations which the First Defendant had reasonable grounds;

Particulars

i. The First Defendant relies on the matters pleaded in subparagraph 134(a)-(e) of this Amended Defence.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

- (h) says further that the FY23 Guidance Statement and/or the partly express and partly implied representation pleaded at paragraph 134 of the ACSOC (which is denied) were subject to the express assumption that the expectation "assum[ed] no material COVID-19, weather, labour or other disruptions"; and
- (i) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 134 of the ACSOC.

- 135. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 135 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 54 and 134 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 135 of the ACSOC.
- 136. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 136 of the ACSOC.
- 137. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 137 of the ACSOC.
- 138. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 138 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 71, 74, 86 and 134 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 138 of the ACSOC.
- 139. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 139 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 138 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 139 of the ACSOC.
- 140. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 140 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 134 to 139 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 140 of the ACSOC.

D.9 Second FY23 Guidance Representation

- 141. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 141 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 60 to 62 and sub-paragraphs 134(b) to 134(c) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence;
 - (b) says that at all material times, it had systems and processes in place to monitor its financial performance from time to time during the current financial year;

Particulars

- The First Defendant's monthly reporting cycle involves at least the following steps:
 - a. on Work Day 4, business units run "flash reports";
 - from Work Days 6 to 10, more detailed versions of flash reports are loaded into Downer's systems;

- on Work Day 12, business units prepare submissions which incorporate forecasts for the month, flash reports from Day 4, and actual performance for the month;
- d. each business unit prepares and submits reports to Downer's internal systems;
- e. each business unit provides a monthly detailed report to the CFO summarising the full month results;
- f. on Work Days 12 to 13, the CEO, CFO and Deputy CFO hold one hour meetings with the heads and general managers of finance of each of the First Defendant's Business Units to discuss the month's performance, how that performance is tracking to forecast and risk observations; and
- g. the information obtained is aggregated into a CFO report prepared by a team reporting to the CFO, which deals with the month's financial performance including financial reporting.
- ii. The First Defendant's systems and processes also involved regular reviews of financial performance including:
 - a. at six-weekly review meetings between the general managers of finance of each business unit and the CFO;
 - at quarterly and/or half-year reviews conducted with the heads of business, general manager of finance and other personnel for each business unit assessing the performance of each business unit across a range of areas; and
 - c. regular internal audits and risk assessments conducted across the Downer Group.

Further particulars may be provided with the service of evidence.

(c) denies that it made a representation in terms of what underlying NPATA for FY23 was "likely to be";

- (d) says that on 8 December 2022, the First Defendant made a Guidance Statement in terms that "Downer now expects underlying FY23 NAPTA to be between \$210 million – \$230- million assuming no further material COVID-19, weather, labour shortages or other disruptions" (Second FY23 Guidance Statement) [DOW.3000.0048.9997];
- (e) says further that:
 - (i) the Second FY23 Guidance Statement; or
 - (ii) alternatively, the partly express and partly implied representation pleaded at paragraph 141 of the ACSOC (which is denied),

reflected the First Defendant's expectations, was a statement of opinion, and/or was a forward looking representations, for which the First Defendant had reasonable grounds;

Particulars

i. The First Defendant relies on the matters pleaded in subparagraph 141(b) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.

Further particulars may be provided with service of evidence.

- (f) says further that the Second FY23 Guidance Statement and/or the partly express and partly implied representation pleaded at paragraph 141 of the ACSOC (which is denied) were subject to the express assumption that the expectation "assum[ed] no further material COVID-19, weather, labour shortages or other disruptions"; and
- (g) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 141 of the ACSOC.
- 142. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 142 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 62 and 141 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 142 of the ACSOC.
- 143. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 143 of the ACSOC.
- 144. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 144 of the ACSOC.
- 145. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 145 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 141 and 142 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 145 of the ACSOC.

- 146. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 146 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 86, 141 and 145 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 146 of the ACSOC.
- 147. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 147 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 141 to 146 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 147 of the ACSOC.

E. FALSE OR MISLEADING STATEMENTS

- 148. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 148 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 95 to 97, 104 to 105, 110 to 111, 116 to 117, 122 to 123, 128 to 129, 134 to 135 and 141 to 142 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence;
 - (b) says that if any of the representations were made as alleged by the Plaintiffs, they were made by Downer; and
 - (c) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 148 of the ACSOC.
- 149. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 149 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 100, 102 to 103, 108 to 109, 114 to 115, 120 to 121, 126 to 127, 132 to 133, 139 to 140 and 146 to 147 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 149 of the ACSOC.
- 150. The First Defendant does not know and therefore cannot admit the allegations in paragraph 150 of the ACSOC.
- 151. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 151 of the ACSOC.
- 152. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 152 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 148 to 151 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 152 of the ACSOC.

F. CONTINUOUS DISCLOSURE CONTRAVENTIONS

F.1 AusNet Onerous Contract Information

- 153. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 153 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that:
 - (i) the First Defendant cannot have known the alleged "AusNet Onerous Contract Information" as at 1 April 2020, which was the commencement of the AusNet Contract; and
 - (ii) the Plaintiffs have otherwise failed to articulate when during the Relevant Period it is alleged the First Defendant was aware of that alleged information;
 - (b) refers to and repeats paragraphs 15 to 18, 20, 27, 71 and 74 to 75 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
 - (c) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 153 of the ACSOC.
- 154. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 154 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 74 of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) denies that the "AusNet Onerous Contract Information" as pleaded (which the First Defendant denies exists at all) was information that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of Downer Shares within the meaning of s 674(2) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (c) otherwise denies paragraph 154 of the ACSOC.
- 155. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 155 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 74 and 154 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 155 of the ACSOC.
- 156. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 156 of the ACSOC.
- 157. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 157 of the ACSOC.
- 158. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 158 of the ACSOC.

F.2 Contract Management Information

- 159. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 159 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e), 73(b) and the particulars to paragraph 141(b) of this Amended Defence;

- (b) says that if the "Contract Management Information" as pleaded (which the First Defendant denies exists at all) is established, Downer was not aware of that information at any time before 27 February 2023, alternatively 8 December 2022;
- (c) says that:
 - (i) the First Defendant cannot have known the alleged "Contract Management Information" as at 1 April 2020, which was the commencement of the AusNet Contract; and
 - (ii) the Plaintiffs have otherwise failed to articulate when during the Relevant Period it is alleged the First Defendant was aware of that alleged information; and
- (d) otherwise denies paragraph 159 of the ACSOC.
- 160. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 160 of the ACSOC:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 73 of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) denies that the "Contract Management Information" as pleaded (which the First Defendant denies exists at all) was information that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of Downer Shares within the meaning of s 674(2) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (c) otherwise denies paragraph 160 of the ACSOC.
- 161. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 161 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraphs 73 and 160 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 161 of the ACSOC.
- 162. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 162 of the ACSOC.
- 163. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 163 of the ACSOC.
- 164. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 164 of the ACSOC.

F.3 AusNet Loss Information

- 165. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 165 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 75 of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) says that the pleaded allegation in paragraph 75 of the ACSOC is that the AusNet Contract was loss-making in the period 1 April 2020 to 27 February 2023, and in those circumstances, the First Defendant cannot have been aware of the AusNet

- Loss Information at any point prior to 27 February 2023, being the end of the pleaded loss-making period; and
- (c) otherwise denies paragraph 165 of the ACSOC.
- 166. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 166 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits sub-paragraph 166(a) of the ACSOC;
 - (b) refers to and repeats paragraph 75 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (c) denies sub-paragraph 166(b) of the ACSOC.
- 167. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 167 of the ACSOC.
- 168. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 168 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 165 of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) says that it could not have logically told the ASX the AusNet Loss Information at any point prior to 27 February 2023, being the end of the pleaded loss-making period; and
 - (c) otherwise denies the allegations in paragraph 168 of the ACSOC.
- 169. The First Defendant denies paragraph 169 of the ACSOC.
- 170. The First Defendant denies paragraph 170 of the ACSOC.

F.4 30 June 2020 True Financial Information

- 171. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 171 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e), and 73(b) and 76 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) denies paragraph 171 of the ACSOC.
- 172. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 172 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) <u>admits sub-paragraph (a)</u> refers to and repeats paragraph 76 above and denies the existence of the "30 June 2020 Financial Information" as pleaded in paragraph 76 of the ACSOC; and
 - (b) <u>denies sub-paragraph (b)</u> admits that the information pleaded at paragraph 76 of this Defence was not generally available until 27 February 2023;
 - (c) denies that the information pleaded at paragraph 76 of this Defence was information that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the

price or value of Downer Shares within the meaning of s 674(2) of the Corporations

Act: and

- (d) otherwise denies paragraph 172 of the ACSOC.
- 173. The First Defendant denies paragraph 173 of the ACSOC.
- 174. The First Defendant admits In answer to the allegations in paragraph 174 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 172 of this Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 174 of the ACSOC.
- 175. The First Defendant denies paragraph 175 of the ACSOC.
- 176. The First Defendant denies paragraph 176 of the ACSOC.

F.5 31 December 2020 True Financial Information

- 177. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 177 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 78 of this Defence and denies the existence of the "31 December 2020 True Financial Information" as pleaded in paragraph 78 of the ACSOC; and
 - (b) if the Plaintiffs establish the existence of the "31 December 2020 True Financial Information":
 - (i) refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e) and 73(b) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
 - (ii) otherwise denies paragraph 177 of the ACSOC.
- 178. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 178 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits sub-paragraph (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 78 of this Defence; and
 - (b) as to sub-paragraph (b): otherwise denies paragraph 178 of the ACSOC.
 - (i) admits that a reasonable person would have expected that, if the 31 December 2020 True Financial Information had been generally available, it would have had a material effect on the price or value of Downer Shares within the meaning of s 674(2) of the Corporations Act at some points in time during the Relevant Period; and
 - (ii) otherwise denies sub-paragraph (b).

- 179. The First Defendant denies In answer to the allegations in paragraph 179 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 78 of this Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 179 of the ACSOC.
- 180. The First Defendant admits In answer to the allegations in paragraph 180 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 177 of this Defence;
 - (b) if the Plaintiffs establish the existence of the "31 December 2020 True Financial Information", admits it did not communicate that information to the ASX until 27 February 2023; and
 - (c) otherwise denies paragraph 180 of the ACSOC.
- 181. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 181 of the ACSOC.
- 182. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 182 of the ACSOC.

F.6 30 June 2021 True Financial Information

- 183. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 183 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 80 of this Defence;
 - (b) if the Plaintiffs establish the existence of the "30 June 2021 True Financial Information":
 - (i) refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e) and 73(b) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
 - (ii) otherwise denies paragraph 183 of the ACSOC.
- 184. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 184 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) <u>admits sub-paragraph (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 80 of this Defence;</u> and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 184 of the ACSOC as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that a reasonable person would have expected that, if the 30 June 2021 True Financial Information had been generally available, it would have had a material effect on the price or value of Downer Shares within the meaning of s 674(2) of the Corporations Act at some points in time during the Relevant Period; and

- (ii) otherwise denies sub-paragraph (b)
- 185. The First Defendant denies In answer to the allegations in paragraph 185 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 80 of this Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 185 of the ACSOC.
- 186. The First Defendant admits In answer to the allegations in paragraph 186 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 80 of this Defence;
 - (b) if the Plaintiffs establish the existence of the "30 June 2021 True Financial Information", admits that it did not communicate that information to the ASX until 27 February 2023; and
 - (c) otherwise denies paragraph 186 of the Defence.
- 187. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 187 of the ACSOC.
- 188. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 188 of the ACSOC.

F.7 31 December 2021 True Financial Information

- 189. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 189 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e) and 73(b) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 189 of the ACSOC.
- 190. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 190 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits that the 31 December 2021 True Financial Information was not generally available until 27 February 2023;
 - (b) admits a reasonable person would expect, if the 31 December 2021 True Financial Information were generally available, it would have had a material effect on the price or value of Downer Shares within the meaning of s674(2) of the Corporations Act at some points in time during the Relevant Period;
 - (c) denies it would have had that effect at all points in time during the Relevant Period; and
 - (d) otherwise denies paragraph 190 of the ACSOC.

- 191. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 191 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 189 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise admits paragraph 191 of the ACSOC.
- 192. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 192 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) denies that the First Defendant had or obtained the 31 December 2021 True Financial Information prior to 27 February 2023; and
 - (b) admits that it did not communicate the 31 December 2021 True Financial Information to the ASX until 27 February 2023.
- 193. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 193 of the ACSOC.
- 194. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 194 of the ACSOC.

F.8 30 June 2022 True Financial Information

- 195. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 195 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 84 of this Defence; and
 - (b) if the Plaintiffs establish the existence of the "30 June 2022 True Financial Information":
 - (i) refers to and repeats sub-paragraphs 72(e) and 73(b) of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
 - (ii) otherwise denies paragraph 195 of the ACSOC.
- 196. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 196 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits sub-paragraph (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 84 of this Defence; and
 - (b) denies paragraph 196 of the ACSOC as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that a reasonable person would have expected that, if the 30 June 2022 True Financial Information had been generally available, it would have had a material effect on the price or value of Downer Shares within the meaning of s 674(2) of the Corporations Act at some points in time during the Relevant Period; and
 - (ii) otherwise denies sub-paragraph (b).

- 197. The First Defendant denies In answer to the allegations in paragraph 197 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 84 of this Defence; and
 - (b) denies paragraph 197 of the ACSOC.
- 198. The First Defendant admits In answer to the allegations in paragraph 198 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 84 of this Defence;
 - (b) if the Plaintiffs establish the existence of the 30 June 2022 True Financial Information, admits it did not communicate the information to the ASX until 27 February 2023; and
 - (c) otherwise denies paragraph 198 of the ACSOC.
- 199. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 199 of the ACSOC.
- 200. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 200 of the ACSOC.

F.9 FY23 Guidance Information

- 201. The First Defendant denies In answer to the allegations in paragraph 201 of the ACSOC:
 - (a) admits that it was aware of the matters pleaded in paragraph 86 of this Defence by 3 November 2023; and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 201 of the ACSOC.

Particulars

This denial assumes, as advised by the solicitors for the Plaintiffs by letter of 27 May 2025, that the date in paragraph 201, currently printed as "3 November 2023", should be "3 November 2022".

- 202. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 202 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that if the Plaintiffs establish the existence of the "FY23 Guidance Information" as pleaded in paragraph 86 of the ACSOC (the existence of which at any relevant time is denied), then:
 - (i) it admits it was information that was not generally available within the meaning of s 674(2) of the Corporations Act until 8 December 2022; and

- (ii) it admits it was information a reasonable person would expect, if it were generally available, to have a material effect on the price or value of Downer Shares within the meaning of s 674(2) of the Corporations Act; and
- (b) otherwise denies paragraph 202 of the ACSOC.
- 203. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 203 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that if the Plaintiffs establish the existence of the "FY23 Guidance Information" as pleaded in paragraph 86 of the ACSOC (the existence of which at any relevant time is denied), then it admits it was obliged to tell the ASX that information immediately from the date it had or obtained that information; and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 197 of the ACSOC.
- 204. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 204 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that if the Plaintiffs establish the existence of the "FY23 Guidance Information" as pleaded in paragraph 86 of the ACSOC (the existence of which at any relevant time is denied), then it admits that it did not communicate that information until 8 December 2022; and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 204 of the ACSOC.
- 205. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 205 of the ACSOC.
- 206. The First Defendant denies the allegations in paragraph 206 of the ACSOC.

G. CONTRAVENING CONDUCT CAUSED GROUP MEMBERS' LOSS

G.1 Acquisition of Downer Shares

207. The First Defendant does not know and therefore cannot admit the allegations in paragraph 207 of the ACSOC.

G.2 Market-based causation

- 208. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 208 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 5 of this Amended Defence;
 - (b) does not know and therefore cannot admit the matters in sub-paragraphs 208(a)-(d) of the ACSOC; and
 - (c) denies the allegations in sub-paragraph 208(e) of the ACSOC.

- 209. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 209 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) insofar as the allegations relate to the alleged Continuous Disclosure
 Contraventions, refers to and repeats paragraphs 153 to 206 of this <u>Amended</u>
 Defence;
 - (b) insofar as the allegations relate to the alleged Misleading Conduct Contraventions, refers to and repeats paragraphs 87 to 147 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence;
 - (c) insofar as the allegations relate to the alleged False Statement Contraventions, refers to and repeats paragraphs 148 to 151 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
 - (d) otherwise does not know and therefore cannot admit the allegations in paragraph 209 of the ACSOC.
- 210. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 210 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) insofar as the allegations relate to the alleged Market Contraventions, refers to and repeats paragraphs 87 to 151 and 153 to 206 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise does not know and therefore cannot admit the allegations in paragraph210 of the ACSOC.
- 211. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 211 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) insofar as the allegations relate to the alleged Material Information, refers to and repeats paragraphs 87 to 147 and 153 to 206 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence;
 - (b) insofar as the allegations relate to the alleged Misleading Conduct Contraventions, refers to and repeats 87 to 147 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (c) otherwise does not know and therefore cannot admit the allegations in paragraph211 of the ACSOC.

G.3 Capital Raise

- 212. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 212 of the ACSOC;
 - (a) says that the Plaintiffs have particularised the alleged Market Contraventions as being those which occurred by 21 July 2020;

Particulars

Letter from Maurice Blackburn to Gilbert + Tobin dated
 January 2024 [DOW.2005.0001.0001].

- (b) says that to the extent the allegations in paragraph 212 may otherwise appear to incorporate Market Contraventions which are alleged to have occurred after 21 July 2020, the First Defendant understands those allegations not to be pressed in light of sub-paragraph 212(a) above;
- (c) as to sub-paragraph 212(a) of the ACSOC, admits the Capital Raise was undertaken at an offer price of \$3.75 per new Downer Share and otherwise denies sub-paragraph 212(a);
- (d) denies sub-paragraph 212(b) of the ACSOC; and
- (e) admits sub-paragraph 212(c) of the ACSOC.
- 213. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 213 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 212 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 213 of the ACSOC.
- 214. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 214 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant
 - (a) refers to and repeats paragraph 213 of this Amended Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise denies paragraph 214 of the ACSOC.

G.4 Reliance

- 215. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 215 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) insofar as the allegations relate to the Material Information and/or Representations, refers to and repeats paragraphs 87 to 147 and 153 to 206 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise does not know and therefore cannot admit the allegations in paragraph 215 of the ACSOC.

G.5 Loss and damage

- 216. In answer to the allegations in paragraph 216 of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) insofar as the allegations relate to the alleged Market Contraventions, refers to and repeats paragraphs 87 to 151 and 153 to 206 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence; and
 - (b) otherwise does not know and therefore cannot admit the allegations in paragraph 216 of the ACSOC.

GA. CLAIM AGAINST KPMG

217. The First Defendant admits paragraph 217.

GA.1 Retainer of KPMG

- 218. The First Defendant admits paragraph 218.
- 219. The First Defendant admits paragraph 219.
- 220. The First Defendant admits paragraph 220.
- 221. The First Defendant admits paragraph 221.
- 222. The First Defendant admits paragraph 222.
- 223. The First Defendant admits paragraph 223.
- 224. The First Defendant admits paragraph 224.
- 225. The First Defendant admits paragraph 225.
- 226. The First Defendant admits paragraph 226.

GA.2 Auditing and Accounting Standards

- 227. The First Defendant admits paragraph 227.
- 228. The First Defendant admits paragraph 228.
- 229. The First Defendant admits paragraph 229.
- 230. The First Defendant admits paragraph 230.
- 231. The First Defendant admits paragraph 231.
- 232. The First Defendant admits paragraph 232.
- 233. The First Defendant admits paragraph 233.

GA.3 Contract with AusNet

- 234. As to paragraph 234, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits that:
 - (i) on 22 July 2019, Downer Utilities entered into the AusNet Contract with AusNet Services; and
 - (ii) when Downer Utilities did so, it was a subsidiary of Downer in the manner described in paragraphs 2A–2G(a) of the Amended Statement of Claim indorsed on Downer's Third Party Notice against KPMG; and

- (b) otherwise denies every allegation made in paragraph 234.
- 235. The First Defendant admits paragraph 235.
- 236. The First Defendant admits paragraph 236.
- 237. The First Defendant admits paragraph 237.
- 238. The First Defendant admits paragraph 238.

GA.4 Overstatements of revenue for FY20

- 239. The First Defendant admits paragraph 239.
- 240. The First Defendant admits paragraph 240.
- 241. The First Defendant admits paragraph 241.
- 242. The First Defendant admits paragraph 242.
- 243. The First Defendant admits paragraph 243.
- 244. The First Defendant admits paragraph 244.
- 245. The First Defendant admits paragraph 245.
- 246. The First Defendant admits paragraph 246.
- 247. The First Defendant admits paragraph 247.
- 248. The First Defendant admits paragraph 248.
- 249. The First Defendant denies every allegation made in paragraph 249.
- 250. The First Defendant admits that, if paragraph 249 is true, paragraph 250 is true, but otherwise denies every allegation made in paragraph 250.
- 251. The First Defendant admits that, if paragraph 250 is true, paragraph 251 is true, but otherwise denies every allegation made in paragraph 251.
- 252. As to paragraph 252, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits sub-paragraph (a); and
 - (b) admits that, if paragraph 250 is true, sub-paragraph (b) is true, but otherwise denies every allegation made in sub-paragraph (b).

GA.5 Overstatements of revenue for FY21

- 253. The First Defendant admits paragraph 253.
- 254. The First Defendant admits paragraph 254.

- 255. The First Defendant admits paragraph 255.
- 256. The First Defendant admits paragraph 256.
- 257. The First Defendant admits paragraph 257.
- 258. The First Defendant admits paragraph 258.
- 259. The First Defendant admits paragraph 259.
- 260. The First Defendant admits paragraph 260.
- 261. The First Defendant admits paragraph 261.
- 262. The First Defendant admits paragraph 262.
- 263. The First Defendant admits paragraph 263.
- 264. The First Defendant admits paragraph 264.
- 265. The First Defendant admits paragraph 265.
- 266. The First Defendant admits paragraph 266.
- 267. The First Defendant admits paragraph 267.
- 268. The First Defendant admits paragraph 268.

GA.6 Overstatements of revenue for FY22

- 269. The First Defendant admits paragraph 269.
- 270. The First Defendant admits paragraph 270.
- 271. The First Defendant admits paragraph 271.
- 272. The First Defendant admits paragraph 272.
- 273. The First Defendant admits paragraph 273.
- 274. The First Defendant admits paragraph 274.
- 275. The First Defendant admits paragraph 275.
- 276. The First Defendant admits paragraph 276.
- 277. The First Defendant admits paragraph 277.
- 278. The First Defendant admits paragraph 278.
- 279. The First Defendant admits paragraph 279.
- 280. The First Defendant admits paragraph 280.

- 281. The First Defendant admits paragraph 281.
- 282. The First Defendant admits paragraph 282.

GA.7 Audits for FY20

Audit of Downer Utilities — Reasonable care and skill representation

- 283. The First Defendant admits paragraph 283.
- 284. The First Defendant admits paragraph 284.
- 285. The First Defendant admits paragraph 285.
- 286. The First Defendant admits paragraph 286.
- 287. The First Defendant admits paragraph 287.
- 288. The First Defendant admits paragraph 288.
- 289. The First Defendant admits paragraph 289.
- 290. As to paragraph 290, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits sub-paragraph (a);
 - (b) as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that the FY20 Subsidiary Audit Representations were made in relation to financial products within the meaning of s 1041(1) of the Corporations Act;
 and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (b);and
 - (c) as to sub-paragraph (c):
 - (i) admits that the FY20 Subsidiary Audit Representations were made in relation to financial services within the meaning of s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c).
- 291. The First defendant admits paragraph 291.
- 292. As to paragraph 292, the First Defendant:
 - (a) as to sub-paragraph (a):
 - (i) admits that the FY20 Subsidiary Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 18(1) of each of:

- (A) the Australian Consumer Law, as applied by s 131(1) of the CCA (ACL (Cth));
- (B) the ACL (Vic) (as defined in paragraph 352A(a) below); and
- (C) the ACL (NSW) (as defined in paragraph 352A(b) below); and
- (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (a);
- (b) as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that the FY20 Subsidiary Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 1041H(1) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (b); and
- (c) as to sub-paragraph (c):
 - (i) admits that the FY20 Subsidiary Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c).

Audit of Downer Group — Reasonable care and skill representation

- 293. The First Defendant admits paragraph 293.
- 294. The First Defendant admits paragraph 294.
- 295. As to paragraph 295, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits that, on 12 August 2020, the FY20 Group Audit Opinions were reported by KPMG to shareholders in Downer; and
 - (b) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in paragraph 295.
- 296. The First Defendant admits paragraph 296.
- 297. The First Defendant admits paragraph 297.
- 298. The First Defendant admits that, if paragraph 251 is true, paragraph 298 is true, but otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in paragraph 298.
- 299. The First Defendant admits paragraph 299.
- 300. The First Defendant admits paragraph 300.
- 301. As to paragraph 301, the First Defendant:

- (a) admits sub-paragraph (a);
- (b) as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that the FY20 Group Audit Representations were made in relation to financial products within the meaning of s 1041(1) of the Corporations Act;
 and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (b); and
- (c) as to sub-paragraph (c):
 - (i) admits that the FY20 Group Audit Representations were made in relation to financial services within the meaning of s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c).
- 302. The First Defendant admits that, if paragraph 251 is true, paragraph 302 is true, but otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in paragraph 302.
- 303. As to paragraph 303, the First Defendant:
 - (a) as to sub-paragraph (a):
 - (i) admits that, if paragraph 302 is true, then the FY20 Group Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 18(1) of each of the ACL (Cth), the ACL (Vic), and the ACL (NSW); and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (a);
 - (b) as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that, if paragraph 302 is true, then the FY20 Group Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 1041H(1) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (b);and
 - (c) as to sub-paragraph (c):
 - (i) admits that, if paragraph 302 is true, then the FY20 Group Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c).

GA.8 Audits for FY21

Audit of Downer Utilities — Reasonable care and skill representation

- 304. The First Defendant admits paragraph 304.
- 305. The First Defendant admits paragraph 305.
- 306. The First Defendant admits paragraph 306.
- 307. The First Defendant admits paragraph 307.
- 308. The First Defendant admits paragraph 308.
- 309. The First Defendant admits paragraph 309.
- 310. The First Defendant admits paragraph 310.
- 311. As to paragraph 311, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits sub-paragraph (a);
 - (b) as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that the FY21 Subsidiary Audit Representations were made in relation to financial products within the meaning of s 1041(1) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (b); and
 - (c) as to sub-paragraph (c):
 - (i) admits that the FY21 Subsidiary Audit Representations were made in relation to financial services within the meaning of s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c).
- 312. The First Defendant admits paragraph 312.
- 313. As to paragraph 313, the First Defendant:
 - (a) as to sub-paragraph (a):
 - (i) admits that the FY21 Subsidiary Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 18(1) of each of the ACL (Cth), the ACL (Vic), and the ACL (NSW); and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (a);

- (b) as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that the FY21 Subsidiary Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 1041H(1) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (b); and
- (c) as to sub-paragraph (c):
 - (i) admits that the FY21 Subsidiary Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c).

Audit of Downer Group — Reasonable care and skill representation

- 314. The First Defendant admits paragraph 314.
- 315. The First Defendant admits paragraph 315.
- 316. As to paragraph 316, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits that, on 12 August 2021, the FY21 Group Audit Opinions were reported by KPMG to shareholders in Downer; and
 - (b) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in paragraph 316.
- 317. The First Defendant admits paragraph 317.
- 318. The First Defendant admits paragraph 318.
- 319. The First Defendant admits paragraph 319.
- 320. The First Defendant admits paragraph 320.
- 321. The First Defendant admits paragraph 321.
- 322. As to paragraph 322, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits sub-paragraph (a);
 - (b) as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that the FY21 Group Audit Representations were made in relation to financial products within the meaning of s 1041(1) of the Corporations Act;
 and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (b); and

- (c) as to sub-paragraph (c):
 - (i) admits that the FY21 Group Audit Representations were made in relation to financial services within the meaning of s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c).
- 323. The First Defendant admits paragraph 323.
- 324. As to paragraph 324, the First Defendant:
 - (a) as to sub-paragraph (a):
 - (i) admits that the FY21 Group Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 18(1) of each of the ACL (Cth), the ACL (Vic), and the ACL (NSW); and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (a);
 - (b) as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that the FY21 Group Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 1041H(1) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (b); and
 - (c) as to sub-paragraph (c):
 - (i) admits that the FY21 Group Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c).

GA.9 Audits for FY22

Audit of Downer Utilities — Reasonable care and skill representation

- 325. The First Defendant admits paragraph 325.
- 326. The First Defendant admits paragraph 326.
- 327. The First Defendant admits paragraph 327.
- 328. The First Defendant admits paragraph 328.
- 329. The First Defendant admits paragraph 329.
- 330. The First Defendant admits paragraph 330.

- 331. The First Defendant admits paragraph 331.
- 332. As to paragraph 332, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits sub-paragraph (a);
 - (b) as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that the FY22 Subsidiary Audit Representations were made in relation to financial products within the meaning of s 1041(1) of the Corporations Act;
 and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (b);
 - (c) as to sub-paragraph (c):
 - (i) admits that the FY22 Subsidiary Audit Representations were made in relation to financial services within the meaning of s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c).
- 333. The First Defendant admits paragraph 333.
- 334. As to paragraph 334, the First Defendant:
 - (a) as to sub-paragraph (a):
 - (i) admits that the FY22 Subsidiary Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 18(1) of each of the ACL (Cth), the ACL (Vic), and the ACL (NSW); and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (a);
 - (b) as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that the FY22 Subsidiary Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 1041H(1) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (b); and
 - (c) as to sub-paragraph (c):
 - (i) admits that the FY22 Subsidiary Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c).

Audit of Downer Group — Reasonable care and skill representation

- 335. The First Defendant admits paragraph 335.
- 336. The First Defendant admits paragraph 336.
- 337. As to paragraph 337, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits that, on 12 August 2021, the FY21 Group Audit Opinions were reported by KPMG to shareholders in Downer; and
 - (b) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in paragraph 337.
- 338. The First Defendant admits paragraph 338.
- 339. The First Defendant admits paragraph 339.
- 340. The First Defendant admits paragraph 340.
- 341. The First Defendant admits paragraph 341.
- 342. The First Defendant admits paragraph 342.
- 343. As to paragraph 343, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits sub-paragraph (a);
 - (b) as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that the FY22 Group Audit Representations were made in relation to financial products within the meaning of s 1041(1) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (b);and
 - (c) as to sub-paragraph (c):
 - (i) admits that the FY22 Group Audit Representations were made in relation to financial services within the meaning of s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c).
- 344. The First Defendant admits paragraph 344.
- 345. As to paragraph 345, the First Defendant:
 - (a) as to sub-paragraph (a):

- (i) admits that the FY22 Group Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 18(1) of each of the ACL (Cth), the ACL (Vic), and the ACL (NSW); and
- (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (a);
- (b) as to sub-paragraph (b):
 - (i) admits that the FY22 Group Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 1041H(1) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (b); and
- (c) as to sub-paragraph (c):
 - (i) admits that the FY22 Group Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act; and
 - (ii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c).

GA.10 Causation and loss

Market-based causation

- 346. As to paragraph 346, the First Defendant:
 - (a) admits sub-paragraph (a);
 - (b) admits sub-paragraph (b);
 - (c) does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (c);
 - (d) as to sub-paragraph (d):
 - (i) as to sub-paragraph (i):
 - (A) admits that:
 - the FY20 Group Audit Opinions and the FY20 Group Audit Representations were published in the FY20 Annual Report and concurrently with the FY20 Appendix 4E; and
 - if paragraph 302 is true, the FY20 Group Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive as described in paragraph 303 above; and

- (B) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (i);
- (ii) as to sub-paragraph (ii):
 - (A) admits that:
 - the FY21 Group Audit Opinions and the FY21 Group Audit Representations were published in the FY21 Annual Report and concurrently with the FY21 Appendix 4E;
 - 2. the FY21 Group Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive as described in paragraph 324 above; and
 - (B) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (ii); and
- (iii) as to sub-paragraph (iii):
 - (A) admits that:
 - the FY22 Group Audit Opinions and the FY22 Group Audit Representations were published in the FY22 Annual Report and concurrently with the FY22 Appendix 4E; and
 - 2. the FY22 Group Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive as described in paragraph 345 above; and
 - (B) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (iii);
- (e) as to sub-paragraph (e), the First Defendant:
 - (i) repeats:
 - (A) paragraphs 292, 303, 313, 324, 334, and 345 above; and
 - (B) sub-paragraphs (d)(i)(A)1, (d)(ii)(A)1, and (d)(iii)(A)1 above; and
 - (ii) otherwise denies every allegation made in sub-paragraph (e);
- (f) as to sub-paragraph (f), the First Defendant:
 - (i) repeats paragraphs 292, 303, 313, 324, 334, and 345 above;

- (ii) admits that:
 - (A) but for the FY21 Group Audit Opinions and the FY21 Group Audit Representations, Downer would not have announced to the ASX its financial results for FY21 in the form in which they were announced; and
 - (B) but for the FY22 Group Audit Opinions and the FY22 Group Audit Representations, Downer would not have announced to the ASX its financial results for FY22 in the form in which they were announced; and
- (iii) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (f); and
- (g) as to sub-paragraph (g), the First Defendant:
 - (i) as to sub-paragraph (i):
 - (A) repeats paragraphs 292, 303, 313, 324, 334, and 345 above; and
 - (B) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (i); and
 - (ii) as to sub-paragraph (ii):
 - (A) repeats paragraphs 292, 303, 313, 324, 334, and 345 above;
 - (B) admits that, if KPMG had corrected any of the FY21 or FY22 Group Audit Opinions or Group Audit Representations, that correction would have been reported to the ASX when required by the ASX Listing Rules; and
 - (C) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in sub-paragraph (ii).
- 347. The First Defendant does not admit any of the allegations made in paragraph 347.

Reliance

348. The First Defendant does not admit any of the allegations made in paragraph 348.

Loss

- 349. As to paragraph 349, the First Defendant:
 - (a) refers to paragraph 416 below; and

(b) otherwise does not admit any of the allegations made in paragraph 349.

H. COMMON QUESTIONS

- 350. As to section H of the ACSOC, the First Defendant:
 - (a) says that the identification of the common questions for determination is a matter to be determined by the Court (and not the Plaintiffs); and
 - (b) otherwise does not plead to section H as there are no allegations pleaded against it.
- 351. The First Defendant denies the Plaintiffs are entitled to the relief claimed from the First Defendant in prayers 1 to 6, or to any relief from the First Defendant.

I. PROPORTIONATE LIABILITY

I.1 KPMG

- 352. The members of the Third Party, KPMG (ABN 51 194 660 183) (**KPMG**), have at all relevant times:
 - (a) carried on business as partners in, among other jurisdictions, Victoria and New South Wales; and
 - (b) in the course of that business, practised, and professed to practise, as auditors, accountants, and consultants.

I.1A Application of Australian Consumer Law

352A Given paragraph 352(a) above:

- (a) under s 12(1)(a) of the Australian Consumer Law and Fair Trading Act 2012 (Vic), KPMG was at all relevant times subject to the Australian Consumer Law, as applied by s 8(1) of that Act (ACL (Vic)); and
- (b) under s 32(1)(a) of the Fair Trading Act 1987 (NSW), KPMG was at all relevant times subject to the Australian Consumer Law, as a applied by s 28(1)(a) of that Act (ACL (NSW)).

I.2 Downer Shares

- 353. Downer Shares have at all relevant times been:
 - (a) "financial products" within the meaning of s 1041H(1) of the Corporations Act;
 - (b) "financial products" within the meaning of s 12BAB(1AA) of the ASIC Act; and

(c) given sub-paragraph (b) above, "financial services" within the meaning of s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act.

I.3 KPMG's duties to Plaintiffs and Group Members

Duties for audit of FY20

354. By agreement made 1 November 2019 (**FY20 Retainer**), Downer retained KPMG to audit, in consideration of fees, the Consolidated Financial Report of Downer and its controlled entities (together, the **Downer Group**) for the financial year to 30 June 2020 (**FY20**).

Particulars

The FY20 Retainer was in writing, comprising:

- i. an engagement letter from KPMG to Downer, dated 9 October 2017, countersigned 20 February 2018 (FY18 Engagement Letter) [DOW.2000.0001.2408];
- ii. the Terms and Conditions of Business appended, as appendix 1,to the FY18 Engagement Letter; and
- iii. an "Annual arrangements" letter from KPMG to Downer, dated 10 October 2019, countersigned 1 November 2019 (FY20 Arrangements Letter) [DOW.3000.0058.7364].
- 355. There were terms of the FY20 Retainer that KPMG would:
 - (a) audit the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for FY20 in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards (FY18 Engagement Letter, cl 1.1, as updated by the FY20 Arrangements Letter);
 - (b) "inform the directors, Audit and Risk Committee and/or management, as appropriate, about any misstatements ... [KPMG] identif[ied]" (FY18 Engagement Letter, cl 3.3, as updated by the FY20 Arrangements Letter); and
 - (c) report to Downer's shareholders on whether, in KPMG's opinion, the Consolidated Financial Report complied with the Corporations Act, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Downer Group's financial position as at 30June 2020 and of its financial performance for FY20; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (FY18 Engagement Letter, cl 1.1, as updated by the FY20 Arrangements Letter).

- 356. KPMG should reasonably have anticipated that, if it should report the opinions described in paragraph 355(c) above, shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer would be likely to rely on those opinions in deciding how to deal with shares in Downer.
- 357. Further, if KPMG should report the opinions described in paragraph 355(c) above:
 - (a) it would be reasonable for shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer to rely on those opinions in deciding how to deal with shares in Downer; and
 - (b) shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer, knowing less than KPMG of the financial position and performance of the Downer Group, would not be able to protect themselves from any failure by KPMG to exercise reasonable care and skill in forming those opinions.
- 358. Given paragraphs 352(b)–357 above, KPMG owed shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer a duty to exercise reasonable care and skill:
 - (a) in auditing the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for FY20; and
 - (b) in forming the opinions described in paragraph 355(c) above

(FY20 Duty of Care).

Particulars

The FY20 Duty of Care was imposed by law.

Duties for audit of FY21

359. By agreement made 30 October 2020 (**FY21 Retainer**), Downer retained KPMG to audit, in consideration of fees, the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for the financial year to 30 June 2021 (**FY21**).

Particulars

The FY21 Retainer was in writing, comprising:

- (i) an engagement letter from KPMG to Downer, dated 20 October 2020, countersigned 30 October 2020 (FY21 Engagement Letter) [DOW.1059.0019.8372];
- (ii) the Terms and Conditions of Business appended, as appendix 1, to the FY21 Engagement Letter; and
- (iii) an "Annual arrangements" letter from KPMG to Downer, dated 20 October 2020, countersigned 30 October 2020 [DOW.1059.0003.3496].

- 360. There were terms of the FY21Retainer that KPMG would:
 - (a) audit the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for FY21 in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards (FY21 Engagement Letter, cl 1.1);
 - (b) "inform the directors, Audit and Risk Committee and/or management, as appropriate, about any misstatements ... [KPMG] identif[ied]" (FY21 Engagement Letter, cl 3.3); and
 - (c) report to Downer's shareholders on whether, in KPMG's opinion, the Consolidated Financial Report complied with the Corporations Act, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Downer Group's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance for FY21; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (FY21 Engagement Letter, cl 1.1).
- 361. KPMG should reasonably have anticipated that, if it should report the opinions described in paragraph 360(c) above, shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer would be likely to rely on those opinions in deciding how to deal with shares in Downer.
- 362. Further, if KPMG should report the opinions described in paragraph 360(c) above:
 - (a) it would be reasonable for shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer to rely on those opinions in deciding how to deal with shares in Downer; and
 - (b) shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer, knowing less than KPMG of the financial position and performance of the Downer Group, would not be able to protect themselves from any failure by KPMG to exercise reasonable care and skill in forming those opinions.
- 363. Given paragraphs 352(b), 359–362 above, KPMG owed shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer a duty to exercise reasonable care and skill:
 - (a) in auditing the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for FY21; and
 - (b) in forming the opinions described in paragraph 360(c) above

(FY21 Duty of Care).

Particulars

The FY21 Duty of Care was imposed by law.

Duties for audit of FY22

364. By agreement made 22 October 2021 (**FY22 KPMG Retainer**), Downer retained KPMG to audit, in consideration of fees, the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for the financial year to 30 June 2022 (**FY22**).

Particulars

The FY22 KPMG Retainer was in writing, comprising:

- (i) the FY21 Engagement Letter [DOW.1059.0019.8372];
- (ii) the Terms and Conditions of Business appended, as appendix 1, to the FY21 Engagement Letter; and
- (iii) an "Annual arrangements" letter from KPMG to Downer, dated 19 October 2021, countersigned 22 October 2021 (FY22 Arrangements Letter) (which misdescribed the FY21 Engagement Letter as dated 13 October 2020) [DOW.1059.0005.9253].
- 365. There were terms of the FY22 Retainer that KPMG would:
 - (a) audit the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for FY22 in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards (FY21 Engagement Letter, cl 1.1, as updated by the FY22 Arrangements Letter);
 - (b) "inform the directors, Audit and Risk Committee and/or management, as appropriate, about any misstatements ... [KPMG] identif[ied]" (FY21 Engagement Letter, cl 3.3, as updated by the FY22 Arrangements Letter); and
 - (c) report to Downer's shareholders on whether, in KPMG's opinion, the Consolidated Financial Report complied with the Corporations Act, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of Downer the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for FY22; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (FY21 Engagement Letter, cl 1.1, as updated by the FY22 Arrangements Letter).
- 366. KPMG should reasonably have anticipated that, if it should report the opinions described in paragraph 365(c) above, shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer would be likely to rely on those opinions in deciding how to deal with shares in Downer.

- 367. Further, if KPMG should report the opinions described in paragraph 365(c) above:
 - (a) it would be reasonable for shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer to rely on those opinions in deciding how to deal with shares in Downer; and
 - (b) shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer, knowing less than KPMG of the financial position and performance of the Downer Group, would not be able to protect themselves from any failure by KPMG to exercise reasonable care and skill in forming those opinions.
- 368. Given paragraphs 352(b), 364–367 above, KPMG owed shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer a duty to exercise reasonable care and skill:
 - (a) in auditing the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for FY22; and
 - (b) in forming the opinions described in paragraph 365(c) above

(FY22 Duty of Care).

Particulars

The FY22 Duty of Care was imposed by law.

I.4 Auditing & Accounting Standards

ASA 450 (Evaluation of Misstatements Identified during the Audit)

- 369. Australian Auditing Standard ASA 450 (*Evaluation of Misstatements Identified during the Audit*) provided, for FY20–22, that:
 - (a) "[t]he auditor shall accumulate misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial" (paragraph 5);
 - (b) "[t]he auditor shall communicate, unless prohibited by law or regulation, on a timely basis all misstatements accumulated during the audit with the appropriate level of management. The auditor shall request management to correct those misstatements" (paragraph 8); and
 - (c) "[t]he auditor shall communicate with those charged with governance uncorrected misstatements ... The auditor shall request that uncorrected misstatements be corrected" (paragraph 13).

"Those charged with governance"

370. In ASA 450, "those charged with governance" had the meaning given in ASA 260 (Communication With Those Charged with Governance), which defined it as "[t]he

- person(s) ... with responsibility for overseeing the strategic direction of the entity and obligations related to the accountability of the entity. This includes overseeing the financial reporting process" (paragraph 10(a)).
- 371. At all relevant times, the persons with responsibility for overseeing the strategic direction of the Downer Group and obligations related to the accountability of the Group, including overseeing the financial reporting process, were the Audit & Risk Committee of Downer and otherwise the board, of which the Audit & Risk Committee was a subset.
- 372. Given paragraphs 370 and 371 above, "those charged with governance" of the Downer Group, within the meaning of ASA 450, were the Audit & Risk Committee of Downer and otherwise the board.

AASB 15 (Revenue from Contracts with Customers)

- 373. Australian Accounting Standard AASB 15 (*Revenue from Contracts with Customers*) provided, for FY20–22, that:
 - (a) "an entity shall recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services" (paragraph 2);
 - (b) "[a]n entity shall recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service ... to a customer" (paragraph 31);
 - (c) "[a]n entity transfers control of a good or service over time and, therefore, satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:
 - (i) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance as the entity performs ...; and
 - (ii) the entity's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced" (paragraph 35);
 - (d) "[f]or each performance obligation satisfied over time in accordance with [paragraph 35, quoted in sub-paragraph (c) above] an entity shall recognise revenue over time by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation" (paragraph 39);

- (e) "[w]hen (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, an entity shall recognise as revenue the amount of the transaction price ... that is allocated to that performance obligation" (paragraph 46); and
- (f) "[t]he objective when allocating the transaction price is for an entity to allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation ... in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised goods or services to the customer" (paragraph 73).
- I.5 KPMG's breaches of duties to, and contraventions against, plaintiffs and Group Members

Breaches and contraventions for FY20

- 374. KPMG audited the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for FY20 [DOW.3000.0070.9995].
- 375. In the alternative to paragraph 77(c) above, KPMG, in breach of the FY20 Duty of Care, did not exercise reasonable care and skill in auditing the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for FY20.

Particulars

See Schedule 1 of this Amended Defence.

- 376. On 12 August 2020, KPMG reported the FY20 Audit Opinions to Downer's shareholders [DOW.3000.0070.9995].
- 377. In the alternative to paragraph 77(c) above, KPMG, in breach of the FY20 Duty of Care, did not exercise reasonable care and skill in forming the FY20 Audit Opinions.

Particulars

Downer repeats paragraph 77(b) above, and paragraphs 0–9 of Schedule 1 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.

- 378. Given paragraph 352(b) above, KPMG, in expressing the FY20 Audit Opinions, represented that it:
 - (a) had exercised reasonable care and skill in forming those Opinions; and
 - (b) had reasonable grounds for those Opinions

(FY20 Audit Representations) [DOW.3000.0070.9995].

- 379. The FY20 Audit Representations were made to provide shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer with information, about the financial position and performance of the Downer Group, which would be material to their decisions on how to deal with Downer Shares.
- 380. Given paragraphs 352 and 379 above, the FY20 Audit Representations were made in trade or commerce.
- 381. Given paragraph 379 above, the FY20 Audit Representations were made in relation to Downer Shares.
- 382. Given paragraphs 353(a) and 381 above, the FY20 Audit Representations were made in relation to financial products within the meaning of s 1041(1) of the Corporations Act.
- 383. Given paragraphs 353(c) and 381 above, the FY20 Audit Representations were made in relation to financial services within the meaning of s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act.
- 384. In the alternative to paragraph 77(c) above, KPMG, contrary to the FY20 Audit Representations, KPMG:
 - (a) had not exercised reasonable care and skill in forming the FY20 Audit Opinions; and
 - (b) did not have reasonable grounds for the FY20 Audit Opinions.

Particulars

Downer repeats paragraph 77(b) above, and paragraphs 0–9 of Schedule 1 of this Amended Defence.

- 385. Given paragraphs 352A, 378, 380, and 384 above, in the alternative to paragraph 77(c), the FY20 Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 18(1) of each of the ACL (Vic) and the ACL (NSW).
- 386. Given paragraphs 378, 382, and 384 above, in the alternative to paragraph 77(c), the FY20 Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 1041H(1) of the Corporations Act.
- 387. Given paragraphs 378, 383 and 384 above, in the alternative to paragraph 77(c), the FY20 Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act.

Breaches and contraventions for FY21

- 388. KPMG audited the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for FY21 [DOW.3000.0070.9997].
- 389. In breach of the FY21 Duty of Care, KPMG did not exercise reasonable care and skill in auditing the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for FY21.

Particulars

See Schedule 2 of this Amended Defence.

- 390. On 12 August 2021, KPMG reported the FY21 Audit Opinions to Downer's shareholders [DOW.3000.0070.9997].
- 391. In breach of the FY21 Duty of Care, KPMG did not exercise reasonable care and skill in forming the FY21 Audit Opinions.

Particulars

Downer repeats paragraph 81(b) above, and paragraphs 1–16 of Schedule 2 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.

- 392. Given paragraph 352(b) above, KPMG, in expressing the FY21 Audit Opinions, represented that it:
 - (a) had exercised reasonable care and skill in forming those Opinions; and
 - (b) had reasonable grounds for those Opinions

(FY21 Audit Representations) [DOW.3000.0070.9997].

- 393. The FY21 Audit Representations were made to provide shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer with information, about the financial position and performance of the Downer Group, which would be material to their decisions on how to deal with Downer Shares.
- 394. Given paragraphs 352 and 393 above, the FY21 Audit Representations were made in trade or commerce.
- 395. Given paragraph 393 above, the FY21 Audit Representations were made in relation to Downer Shares.
- 396. Given paragraphs 353(a) and 395 above, the FY21 Audit Representations were made in relation to financial products within the meaning of s 1041(1) of the Corporations Act.

- 397. Given paragraph 353(c) and 395 above, the FY21 Audit Representations were made in relation to financial services within the meaning of s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act.
- 398. Contrary to the FY21 Audit Representations, KPMG:
 - (a) had not exercised reasonable care and skill in forming the FY21 Audit Opinions;and
 - (b) did not have reasonable grounds for the FY21 Audit Opinions.

Particulars

Downer repeats paragraph 81(b) above, and paragraphs 1–16 of Schedule 2 of this Amended Defence.

- 399. Given paragraphs 352A, 392, 394, and 398 above, the FY21 Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 18(1) of each of the ACL (Vic) and the ACL (NSW).
- 400. Given paragraphs 392, 396, and 398 above, the FY21 Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 1041H(1) of the Corporations Act.
- 401. Given paragraphs 392, 394, 397, and 398 above, the FY21 Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act.

Breaches and contraventions for FY22

- 402. KPMG audited the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for FY22 [DOW.3000.0023.9999].
- 403. In breach of the FY22 Duty of Care, KPMG did not exercise reasonable care and skill in auditing the Consolidated Financial Report of the Downer Group for FY22.

Particulars

See Schedule 3 of this Amended Defence.

- 404. On 17 August 2022, KPMG reported the FY22 Audit Opinions to Downer's shareholders [DOW.3000.0023.9999].
- 405. In breach of the FY22 Duty of Care, KPMG did not exercise reasonable care and skill in forming the FY22 Audit Opinions.

Particulars

Downer repeats paragraph 85(b) above, and paragraphs 1–17 of Schedule 3 of this Amended Defence.

- 406. Given paragraph 352(b) above, KPMG, in expressing the FY22 Audit Opinions, represented that it:
 - (a) had exercised reasonable care and skill in forming those Opinions; and
 - (b) had reasonable grounds for those Opinions

(FY22 Audit Representations) [DOW.3000.0023.9999].

- 407. The FY22 Audit Representations were made to provide shareholders and potential shareholders in Downer with information, about the financial position and performance of the Downer Group, which would be material to their decisions on how to deal with Downer Shares.
- 408. Given paragraphs 352 and 407 above, the FY22 Audit Representations were made in trade or commerce.
- 409. Given paragraph 407 above, the FY22 Audit Representations were made in relation to Downer Shares.
- 410. Given paragraphs 353(a) and 409 above, the FY22 Audit Representations were made in relation to financial products within the meaning of s 1041(1) of the Corporations Act.
- 411. Given paragraph 353(c) and 409 above, the FY22 Audit Representations were made in relation to financial services within the meaning of s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act.
- 412. Contrary to the FY22 Audit Representations, KPMG:
 - (a) had not exercised reasonable care and skill in forming the FY22 Audit Opinions; and
 - (b) did not have reasonable grounds for the FY22 Audit Opinions.

Particulars

Downer repeats paragraph 85(b) above, and paragraphs 1–17 of Schedule 3 of this <u>Amended</u> Defence.

- 413. Given paragraphs 352A, 406, 408, and 412 above, the FY22 Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 18(1) of each of the ACL (Vic) and the ACL (NSW).
- 414. Given paragraphs 406, 410, and 412 above, the FY22 Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 1041H(1) of the Corporations Act.
- 415. Given paragraphs 406, 408, 411, and 412 above, the FY22 Audit Representations were misleading or deceptive contrary to s 12DA(1) of the ASIC Act.

I.6 Apportionment

All States & Territories other than South Australia

- 416. If, as a result of any of the alleged Misleading Conduct Contraventions, any of the plaintiffs or Group Members has suffered any of the loss or damage alleged in paragraph 216 of the ACSOC, which is denied, that loss or damage was also caused, independently or jointly, by each of the breaches and contraventions described in paragraphs 375, 377, 385–387, 389, 391, 399–401, 403, 405, and 413–415 above.
- 417. If so, KPMG and Downer are, in relation to those Misleading Conduct Contraventions, "concurrent wrongdoers" as defined in:
 - (a) s 87CB(3) of the Competition and Consumer Act 2010 (Cth) (CCA);
 - (b) s 24AH(1) of the *Wrongs Act 1958* (Vic) (Victorian Apportionment Act);
 - (c) s 34(2) of the Civil Liability Act 2002 (NSW) (NSW Apportionment Act);
 - (d) s 30(1) of the Civil Liability Act 2003 (Qld) (Qld Apportionment Act);
 - (e) s 43A(2) of the Civil Liability Act 2002 (Tas) (Tasmanian Apportionment Act);
 - (f) s 5AI of the Civil Liability Act 2002 (WA) (WA Apportionment Act);
 - (g) s 107D(1) of the *Civil Liability (Wrongs) Act 2002* (ACT) (**ACT Apportionment Act**);
 - (h) s 6(1) of the *Proportionate Liability Act 2005* (NT) (NT Apportionment Act);
 - (i) s 1041L(3) of the Corporations Act; and
 - (j) s 12GP(3) of the ASIC Act.

418. If so, by:

- (a) s 87CD(1) of the CCA;
- (b) s 24AI(1) of the Victorian Apportionment Act;
- (c) s 35(1) of the NSW Apportionment Act;
- (d) s 31(1) of the Qld Apportionment Act;
- (e) s 43B(1) of the Tasmanian Apportionment Act;
- (f) s 5AK(1) of the WA Apportionment Act;
- (g) s 107F(1) of the ACT Apportionment Act;

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(h) s 13(1) of the NT Apportionment Act;

(i) s 1041N(1) of the Corporations Act; and

(j) s 12GR(1) of the ASIC Act;

it follows that:

(k) Downer's liability for those Misleading Conduct Contraventions is limited to an

amount reflecting that proportion of the loss or damage that the Court considers

just, having regard to the extent of Downer's responsibility for the loss or damage;

and

(I) the Court may give judgment against Downer for not more than that amount.

South Australia

419. Further, if Downer has committed any of the alleged Misleading Conduct Contraventions,

which is denied, that wrongdoing was "negligent or innocent" within the meaning of s

3(2)(c) of the Law Reform (Contributory Negligence and Apportionment of Liability) Act

2001 (SA) (SA Apportionment Act).

420. Given paragraphs 416 and 419 above, if Downer has committed any of the alleged

Misleading Conduct Contraventions, and any of the plaintiffs or Group Members has

thereby suffered any of the loss or damage alleged in paragraph 216 of the ACSOC,

which is denied, Downer's liability for that loss or damage is an "apportionable liability"

as defined in s 3(2) of the SA Apportionment Act.

421. If so, by s 8(1) and (2) of the SA Apportionment Act, Downer's liability for that loss or

damage is limited to a percentage of the plaintiffs' and Group Members' notional

damages that is fair and equitable having regard to:

(a) the extent of Downer's responsibility for that loss or damage; and

(b) the extent of the responsibility of KPMG.

A J WEINSTOCK

P MEAGHER

N WOOTTON

Dated: 20 June 2025 28 April 2025

CTILBERT + TOB.N

Gilbert + Tobin

Solicitors for Downer EDI Limited

SCHEDULE 1

Particulars to paragraph 375 (conduct of audit for FY20)

- Around 22 July 2019, when Downer Utilities entered into the AusNet Contract, Michael Lanigan, Finance Manager, Transport and Infrastructure, of the Downer Group (Lanigan), told Nicola Buddee, Director, Audit, Assurance & Risk Consulting, of KPMG (Buddee), that Downer Utilities had entered into the Contract.
- 0A By email to Lanigan, dated 25 September 2019, Buddee recalled, "At year end you mentioned that Downer has entered into a new arrangement with Ausnet ... I'm keen for us to get our head around the new arrangements" [DOW.3000.0057.3021].
- 1. In its External Audit Plan of 15 October 2019, KPMG identified "revenue recognition ... and WIP" ("work in progress", being unbilled amounts recognised as revenue) as high "[r]elative risk[s]" and "Potential Key Audit Matters" (p 7) [DOW.1059.0014.2436].
- On 25 November 2019, Sean Stewart, General Manager, Finance, Utilities, of the Downer Group (**Stewart**), emailed Buddee an "Audit Risk Committee Paper", entitled "Audit and Accounting Issues For the half year ending 31 December 2019" [DOW.3000.0021.3180, DOW.3000.0021.3181]. In the Paper, it was said of the AusNet Contract that "the first of the initial 5 year contract terms [would be] commencing 1 April 2020 ... The customer has provided estimated volumes for the initial term and based on these volumes the value of the initial term ... is \$0.7b" (p 6).
- In a report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 29 November 2019, KPMG observed that "[s]ince 30 June there has been an increase in the level of contracts with accounting risk in the recognised position" (p 3) [DOW.1059.0005.0569].
- On 22 April 2020, two days after the AusNet Contract had commenced, Cameron Slapp, partner of KPMG, told a meeting of the Audit & Risk Committee that "[a]n assessment of financial reporting risk ... identified three key areas", including "[c]ontract risk, such as revenue recognition and recoverability of receivables and work in progress" [DOW.3000.0030.2605_0002].
- 1D By email of 28 April 2020, James Stone, Senior Manager, Audit & Assurance, of KPMG (**Stone**), reported to Hein Scholtz, who had taken over from Stewart as General Manager, Finance, Utilities, of the Downer Group (**Scholtz**), that KPMG's "contract selection criteria" included "**High WIP contracts** (is defined as contracts with >\$5m of WIP, or contracts with total contract value > \$5m of claims/billings to date), we select again contracts expected to overall be > \$10m" (bold in original) [DOW.3000.0057.5108].

- By email of 13 May 2020, 1:58 pm, Stone told Scholtz and Stewart, who was now Financial Controller, Utilities, of the Downer Group, that there were "6 projects which we have selected based on the size of the WIP balance, as we would previously we need to understand how the WIP is recoverable and when it is likely to be recovered" (bold in original) [DOW.1061.0003.4545]. Attached to the email was a spreadsheet, entitled "Utilities FY20 April contract selections", which listed six contracts "selected [for audit testing] as a result of ... having large WIP balances > \$5m and we need to have a discussion regarding the expected recoverability of the WIP position and the audit evidence we can obtain for these contracts." One of those contracts was "UED", with a WIP balance of \$9.2m [DOW.1061.0003.4546].
- 1F In reply, on 13 May 2020 at 2:19 pm, Stewart asked, "Can you provide the BU for UED WIP balance I think this will be Ausnet OMSA as we are only doing little bits of work for UED" [DOW.1061.0003.4547].
- On 15 May 2020, Stone emailed Scholtz and Stewart an agenda for a meeting to be held between Downer Utilities and KPMG on 18 May 2020 [DOW.3000.0057.5111; DOW.3000.0057.5112]. In the agenda, it was proposed that there be a "[d]iscussion of margin recognition" on seven contracts, including the AusNet Contract.
- 2. By email of 19 May 2020, KPMG wrote to Scholtz, "Please provide detailed WIP balance breakdowns for OMSA \$9.2m ... Provide the May invoices for \$6.8m of April WIP which will be billed. Provide a tracking schedule or other ability to reconcile the May invoices to the April WIP" [DOW.1002.0015.8343].
- 3. In reply, on 22 May 2020, Priya Maganty, Finance Manager, Transport and Infrastructure, of the Downer Group (**Maganty**), wrote "that not all of the WIP that has been generated in April-20 will necessarily be billed in May; we will have some WIP that is re-generated depending on when the work is completed", suggesting that some of the WIP had been recognised for work not yet completed [DOW.1002.0015.8343].
- 4. Attached to that reply was an Excel Workbook entitled "WIP April 20 OMSA", which included a spreadsheet, entitled "WIP April 20-Manual", which listed 174 Works Orders for which WIP, totalling \$0.543m, which had been recognised for 100% of the unbilled amount of the agreed rates, however little cost had been incurred. On 84 of these Works Orders, the cost was less than half the sum of the amount billed and the WIP, together recognised as revenue, suggesting that revenue had been recognised for work not yet done [DOW.1002.0015.8346].

- In a report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 19 June 2020, KPMG observed that "[s]ince 31 December there has been an increase in the level of contracts with accounting risk in the recognised position" (p 3) [DOW.1059.0004.1424].
- At 30 June 2020, after the AusNet Contract had been in force only three months, WIP on the Contract was recognised at \$8.137m, as acknowledged by KPMG in a report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 17 February 2023 (p 4) [DOW.1070.0002.8200]. Meanwhile, at 30 June 2020, Downer Utilities' "contract assets", defined as "primarily relat[ing] to [its] rights to consideration for work performed but not billed", were recognised at \$158.815m, as reported in the financial report for FY20 (p 21) [DOW.3000.0071.9583]. Accordingly, at 30 June 2020, after the AusNet Contract had been in force only three months, WIP on the Contract was already 5.12% of the contract assets.
- 5. On 9 July 2020, KPMG emailed Scholtz and Stewart a spreadsheet, entitled "Utilities FY20 June contract selections" (June 20 Contracts Spreadsheet), which listed the AusNet Contract as one of six "selected [for audit testing] as a result of ... having large WIP balances, expected to be > \$5m and we need to have a discussion regarding the expected recoverability of the WIP position and the audit evidence we can obtain for these contracts" [DOW.3000.0057.4882; DOW.3000.0057.4883].
- 6. When selecting contracts for testing, according to its report on the Consolidated Financial Report for FY20, KPMG had "included factors which indicated to us a greater level of judgement was required by the Group when assessing the revenue recognition" (pp 53–4) [DOW.3000.0070.9995].
- On 12 July 2020, Rudy Lay, Financial Reporting Manager, Utilities, of the Downer Group (**Lay**), emailed KPMG an "Operations Summary Report" for the AusNet Contract, in which WIP, as at 31 May 2020, was graphed at about \$7m [DOW.3000.0018.1006].
- On 14 July 2020, KPMG emailed Scholtz, Stewart, and others an updated version of the June 20 Contracts Spreadsheet, which still listed the AusNet Contract as one of six "selected [for audit testing] as a result of ... having large WIP balances, expected to be > \$5m and we need to have a discussion regarding the expected recoverability of the WIP position and the audit evidence we can obtain for these contracts" [DOW.3000.0057.4885; DOW.3000.0057.4886].
- 6C In its financial report for FY20, Downer Utilities recognised "[r]evenue recognition" as a "[k]ey estimate and judgement", explaining that "[d]etermining the stage of completion

- require[d] an estimate of expenses incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated costs" (p 17) [DOW.3000.0071.9583].
- 7. Likewise, in the Consolidated Financial Report for FY20, Downer recognised "[r]evenue recognition" as one of the Group's "[k]ey estimates and judgments", explaining that "[d]etermining the stage of completion require[d] an estimate of expenses incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated costs" (p 73) [DOW.3000.0070.9995].
- 8. In its report on the Consolidated Financial Report, KPMG confirmed that "[r]evenue recognition [was] a key audit matter" (p 53) [DOW.3000.0070.9995].
- 9. Given particulars 0–8 above, in the alternative to paragraph 77(c) above, if KPMG had exercised reasonable care and skill in auditing the revenue recognised from the AusNet Contract, it would have discovered that about \$2.43m of that revenue should not have been recognised, according to AASB 15, as it comprised:
 - (a) amounts recognised for work not yet done, hence for stages of "performance obligations" not yet completed, contrary to paragraphs 31, 35, and 39 of AASB 15 (see paras 373(b)–(c) above); and
 - (b) amounts not recoverable at all, being in excess of the agreed rates for the Works Orders, contrary to paragraphs 2, 46, and 73 of AASB 15 (see paras 373(a), (e), and (f) above)

(FY20 Overstatement).

- 10. Had it discovered the FY20 Overstatement, KPMG, exercising reasonable care and skill:
 - (a) would have reported the Overstatement either to the directors or to the Audit & Risk Committee or to management, as required by the FY20 KPMG Retainer (see paragraph 355(b) above);
 - (b) in any case, would have reported the Overstatement to management as required by ASA 450 (see paragraph 369(b) above) and as promised in its interim status report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 15 April 2020, where it had promised to report any error worth more than \$1m (p 5) [DOW.1059.0017.0881];
 - (c) would have requested that management correct the error, as required by ASA 450 (see paragraph 369(b) above); and
 - (d) had management not corrected the error, would have reported it either to the Audit& Risk Committee or otherwise to the board and requested that they correct it, as

required by ASA 450, interpreted in accordance with ASA 260 (see paragraphs 369(c) and 372 above).

11. Further particulars may be provided after discovery.

SCHEDULE 2

Particulars to paragraph 389 (conduct of audit for FY21)

- 1. In its External Audit Plan of 13 October 2020, KPMG identified "revenue recognition ... and WIP" as high "[r]elative risk[s]" and "Potential Key Audit Matters" (p 4) [DOW.1059.0006.6154].
- On 30 October 2020, KPMG emailed Michael Ferguson, Chief Financial Officer of the Downer Group (Ferguson), and Vivian Tam, Deputy Chief Financial Officer of the Downer Group (Tam), an "Audit Strategy Presentation" for a meeting to be held with the General Managers, Finance, of the Downer Group on 2 November 2020 [DOW.3000.0070.8728, DOW.3000.0070.8729]. In the Presentation, it was recognised as a "[c]ore principle" that an entity should "[r]ecognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or service[s]" (Core Revenue Principle) (p 8).
- On 11 November 2020, at 9:00 am, KPMG emailed Ferguson and Tam an "Audit Strategy Presentation" for a meeting of the Downer Strategy Committee, to be held on 12 November 2020 [DOW.3000.0070.9372, DOW.3000.0070.9373]. In that Presentation, too, was the Core Revenue Principle recognised (p 4).
- 1C By email of 11 November 2020, 2:34 pm, Stone asked Lay [DOW.1061.0003.4746]:
 - [C]an you please investigate there is ~\$13.3m of WIP that sits in a Contract management Utilities subledger ... Can you please share what contracts sit behind that \$13.3m and if it relates to any contracts that have material WIP which does not just relate to general billings a month or two in arrears [bold in original] ...
- 1D On 11 November 2020, at 3:45 pm, Lay replied, "The \$13.3m is part of the overall \$13.9 Ausnet OMSA WIP balance. Generally corresponds to current month revenue, with cash collected the following months" [DOW.1061.0003.4746].
- 1E On 11 November 2020, at 3:55 pm, Stone wrote back, "Can you please ask the business for the Ausnet OMSA WIP balance to provide a breakdown of the WIP and highlight any aged items for us to discuss" [DOW.3000.0057.2788].
- 2. By email of 12 November 2020, KPMG sent Scholtz, Stewart, and others an agenda for a meeting to be held 13 November 2020 (13 Nov 20 Agenda) [DOW.3000.0057.3404; DOW.3000.0057.3405]. In the 13 Nov 20 Agenda, the AusNet Contract was listed as one of five "previously discussed and still identified as a risk ... Risk flagged due to; High WIP \$13.9" (bold in original).

- 3. Also attached to the email was a spreadsheet, entitled "Utilities FY21 October contract selections", which listed the AusNet Contract as one of seven to be tested [DOW.3000.0057.3406].
- 3A On 16 November 2020, in reply to Stone's email of 11 November 2020, 3:55 pm (see particular 1E above), Lay emailed Stone a table, described as an "OMSA breakdown", in which the WIP, recognised at \$13.924m, was broken down, not by Works Order, but by age [DOW.3000.0057.2788].
- 3B In a report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 27 November 2020, KPMG advised that "[r]evenue recognition [was] a key financial statement risk" (p 20) [DOW.1059.0016.8656].
- 4. By email of 12 January 2021, KPMG requested "the breakdown of WIP that sits in a Contract management Utilities subledger. This is largely/should be OMSA/Ausnet" [DOW.3000.0057.4956].
- 5. Attached to that email was the proposed agenda for a meeting to be held 14 January 2021 (14 Jan 21 Agenda) [DOW.3000.0057.4958]. In the 14 Jan 21 Agenda, as in the 13 Nov 20 Agenda, the AusNet Contract was again identified as one of five "previously discussed and still identified as a risk ... Risk flagged due to; High WIP" (bold in original).
- 6. Also attached to the email was a spreadsheet, entitled "Utilities FY21 December contract selections" (Dec 20 Contracts Spreadsheet), in which the AusNet Contract was again listed as one of seven to be tested [DOW.3000.0057.4957]. "As part of our procedures", it was explained, "we will obtain evidence of ... OMSA/Ausnet as we have performed at 30 June 2020 we will request information to satisfy ourselves that the WIP for these contracts is recoverable and a function of the 1 or 2 month billing/approval cycle". However, the WIP on the AusNet Contract was not quantified.
- 7. When selecting contracts for testing, according to its report on the Consolidated Financial Report for FY21 [DOW.3000.0070.9997], KPMG had "included factors which indicated to us a greater level of judgement was required by the Group when assessing the revenue recognition" (p 55).
- 7A On 13 January 2021, KPMG emailed Scholtz, Stewart, and others [DOW.1001.0002.3921]:
 - (a) an updated version of the 14 Jan 21 Agenda, in which the AusNet Contract was listed as one of five "for KPMG to obtain information WIP > \$5m" [DOW.1001.0002.3922]; and

- (b) an updated version of the Dec 20 Contracts Spreadsheet [DOW.1001.0002.3923], in which:
 - (i) the WIP on the AusNet Contract, not quantified in the original version of the Spreadsheet, was now quantified, as at 31 December 2020, at \$17.5m; and
 - (ii) the AusNet Contract was listed as one of six of which KPMG said, "[W]e will satisfy ourselves through obtaining WIP breakdown schedules that this relates to billing and is recoverable. A detailed discussion is not required."
- 8. By email of 18 January 2021, KPMG requested, for the AusNet Contract, a "[b]reakdown of WIP for December 20" [DOW.1061.0001.2373].
- 9. In reply, on 18 January 2021, Maganty, now Finance and Commercial Manager, Distribution Networks, Utilities, of the Downer Group, emailed KPMG an Excel Workbook, entitled "WIP OMSA Dec-20", which included a spreadsheet, entitled "December 20 WIP", which listed [DOW.1061.0001.2373; DOW.1061.0001.2374]:
 - (a) 1,934 Works Orders for which WIP, totalling \$6.838m, had been recognised for 100% of the unbilled amount of the agreed rates, even though the cost incurred on those Works Orders was less than half the sum of the amount billed and the WIP, together recognised as revenue, suggesting that revenue had been recognised for work not yet done; and
 - (b) 502 Works Orders for which WIP, totalling \$1.681m, had been recognised even as it exceeded the agreed rates, so that the excess, amounting to \$1,545m, was not recoverable at all.
- In a report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 29 January 2021, KPMG observed that, "[a]t 31 December 2020, there [was] accounting risk in meeting the highly probable revenue recognition threshold for certain claim positions. We assessed a net downside risk of \$12.1m", which did not include any of the WIP recognised on the AusNet Contract (pp 3, 10) [DOW.1059.0002.7574].
- 10. On 7 May 2021, KPMG emailed Scholtz, Stewart, and Lay a draft agenda for a meeting to be held with Downer Utilities on 11 May 2021 [DOW.3000.0057.4938; DOW.3000.0057.4939]. In the draft agenda, the AusNet Contract was identified as one of five "for KPMG to obtain information to cover standard WIP positions".
- 10A On 12 May 2021, Stewart emailed Stone a table, described as an "OMSA WIP Breakdown", in which the WIP, recognised at \$18.906m, was broken down in various ways, but not by Works Order [DOW.3000.0057.4281].

- 10B In a report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 18 June 2021, KPMG observed that, "[a]t 30 April 2020, there [was] accounting risk in meeting the highly probable revenue recognition threshold for certain claim positions. We assessed a net downside risk of \$22.8m", which did not include any of the WIP recognised on the AusNet Contract (pp 4, 10) [DOW.1059.0006.3044].
- 11. By email of 12 July 2021, KPMG requested a "WIP breakdown as at June 21 with invoicing details" [DOW.3000.0057.3360; DOW.3000.0057.3361].
- 12. In reply, on 13 July 2021, Maganty emailed KPMG an Excel Workbook entitled "OMSA WIP June21" (June 21 WIP Workbook), which included a summary spreadsheet, entitled "257-OMSA" (June 21 Summary Spreadsheet), in which WIP was recognised at \$27.821m. Of this amount, \$15.109m, described as "Monthly WIP", was broken down by Works Order in a supporting spreadsheet, entitled "WIP Jun21", but it was not explained how the WIP for any Works Order had been calculated [DOW.1058.0013.8638; DOW.1058.0013.8640].
- 12A The WIP of \$27.821m, recognised in the June 21 Summary Spreadsheet, was recognised as at 30 June 2021. At that date, Downer Utilities' "contract assets" (see Sch 1, particular 4B), as reported in the financial report for FY21, stood at \$159.083m (p 19) [DOW.3000.0071.9584]. Accordingly, at 30 June 2021, the WIP on the AusNet Contract was 17.49% of the contract assets.
- 12B By email of 22 July 2021, Stone wrote to Rongrong Wang, Finance Analyst, Utilities, of the Downer Group [DOW.1061.0002.1475]:

We are currently undertaking our testing on the final 30 June 2021 balance sheet including trade receivables and WIP. Please find attached the samples selected. Can you please coordinate the pulling together of the information requested please?

. . .

For the WIP we are also testing the recoverability of the WIP by getting the latest correspondence/acceptance or signed payment claim and want to gain an understanding on when the WIP will be billed.

Attached to the email was a spreadsheet in which KPMG requested certain documents and information about seven samples of "Trade Receivables", one sample of "Aged Trade Debtors", and five samples of "WIP" [DOW.1061.0002.1476]. None of the samples of WIP had arisen out of the AusNet Contract.

- 12C In a report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 29 July 2021, KPMG observed that, "[a]t 30 June 2021, there [was] accounting risk in meeting the highly probable revenue recognition threshold for certain claim positions. We assessed a net downside risk of \$29.6m", which did not include any of the WIP recognised on the AusNet Contract (pp 4, 9) [DOW.3000.0071.9599_0071].
- 13. Appended to that report was a draft opinion, proposed to be issued by KPMG on the Consolidated Financial Report for FY21, acknowledging that "[r]ecognition of revenue [was] a key audit matter" (app 1, p 18) [DOW.3000.0071.9599 0071].
- 13A On 4 August 2021, Maganty emailed KPMG an Excel Workbook, entitled "OMSA WIP Billing July21", which contained all the data contained in the June 21 WIP Workbook, as described in particular 12 above [DOW.1002.0013.8167, DOW.1002.0013.8168]. As in that Workbook, so in this one, although the "Monthly WIP" of \$15.109m was broken down by Works Order, it was not explained how the WIP for any Works Order had been calculated.
- In its financial report for FY21, Downer Utilities recognised "[r]evenue recognition" as a "[k]ey estimate and judgement", explaining that "[d]etermining the stage of completion require[d] an estimate of expenses incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated costs" (p 16) [DOW.3000.0071.9584].
- 14. Likewise, in the Consolidated Financial Report for FY21, Downer recognised that "[r]evenue recognition" was one of its "[k]ey estimates and judgments", explaining that "[d]etermining the stage of completion [of work] requires an estimate of expenses incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated costs" (p 73) [DOW.3000.0070.9997].
- 15. In its report on the Consolidated Financial Report, KPMG confirmed that "[r]evenue recognition [was] a key audit matter" (p 54) [DOW.3000.0070.9997].
- 16. Given particulars 1–15 above, after the FY20 Overstatement, if KPMG had exercised reasonable care and skill in auditing the revenue recognised from the AusNet Contract in FY21, it would have discovered that about \$12.63m of that revenue should not have been recognised, according to AASB 15, as it comprised:
 - (a) amounts recognised for work not yet done, hence for stages of "performance obligations" not yet completed, contrary to paragraphs 31, 35, and 39 of AASB 15 (see paras 373(b)–(c) above); and

(b) amounts not recoverable at all, being in excess of the agreed rates for the Works Orders, contrary to paragraphs 2, 46, and 73 of AASB 15 (see paras 373(a), (e), and (f) above)

(FY21 Overstatement).

- 17. Had it discovered the FY21 Overstatement, KPMG, exercising reasonable care and skill:
 - (a) would have reported the Overstatement either to the directors or to the Audit & Risk Committee or to management, as required by the FY21 KPMG Retainer (see paragraph 360(b) above);
 - (b) in any case, would have reported the Overstatement to management as required by ASA 450 (see paragraph 369(b) above) and as represented in its report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 29 July 2021, where it said it had reported "audit differences greater than ... \$0.75m" (p 2) [DOW.1059.0020.6027];
 - (c) would have requested that management correct the Overstatement, as required by ASA 450 (see paragraph 369(b) above); and
 - (d) had management not corrected the Overstatement, would have reported it either to the Audit & Risk Committee or otherwise to the board and requested that they correct it, as required by ASA 450, interpreted in accordance with ASA 260 (see paragraphs 369(c) and 372 above).
- 18. Further particulars may be provided after discovery.

SCHEDULE 3

Particulars to paragraph 403 (conduct of audit for FY22)

- 1. In its Audit Plan of 13 October 2021, KPMG identified "[r]evenue recognition" as one of two "primary audit focusses" (p 2), and identified "revenue recognition ... and WIP" as high "[r]elative risk[s]" and "Potential Key Audit Matters" (p 4) [DOW.1059.0005.9925].
- 2. On 12 November 2021, KPMG emailed Scholtz, Stewart, Maganty, and others an agenda for a meeting to be held with Downer Utilities on 15 November 2021 [DOW.3000.0057.1803; DOW.3000.0057.1804]. In the agenda, the AusNet Contract was identified as one of seven "ongoing/known risk contracts" due to its "High and aged WIP" (bold in original).
- 3. By email of 22 November 2021, KPMG requested a "[b]reakdown of WIP at 31-Oct-21 and ageing of items" [DOW.3000.0057.1797; DOW.3000.0057.1798].
- 4. In reply, on 29 November 2021, Stewart emailed KPMG a table, entitled "OMSA Total WIP October 21", in which WIP was recognised at \$25.625m, including \$4.019m that was over 90 days old. None of this was broken down by Works Order [DOW.3000.0019.6701].
- In a report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 8 December 2021, KPMG observed that, "[a]t 31 October 2021, there [was] accounting risk in meeting the highly probably threshold for certain claim positions. We have assessed a downside risk of \$18.6m," which did not include any of the WIP recognised on the AusNet Contract (pp 4, 12) [DOW.1019.0001.5870].
- By email of 18 January 2022, KPMG requested a "[b]reakdown of the WIP/accrued revenue as at 31-Dec-21. Please provide timing of expected billings. Please provide amount invoiced in January for 31-Dec-21 position" [DOW.3000.0057.1746; DOW.3000.0057.1747].
- 6. In reply, on 21 January 2022, Stewart emailed KPMG a spreadsheet, entitled "WIP Networks Dec21-Audit", in which WIP was recognised at \$32.409m, including \$5.583m that was over 90 days old [DOW.3000.0020.9363; DOW.3000.0020.9364]. None of this was broken down by Works Order.
- 7. On 2 February 2022, Stewart emailed KPMG a further spreadsheet, entitled "WIP Networks Dec21-Jan-22 Billing", showing that of the \$32.409m of WIP recognised at December 2021 (see particular 6 above), only \$11.107m or 34% had been billed in

- January 2022, suggesting that WIP had been recognised for work not yet done [DOW.3000.0019.6949; DOW.3000.0019.6950].
- In a report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 27 January 2022, KPMG observed that, "[a]t 31 December 2021, there [was] accounting risk in meeting the highly probable threshold for certain claim positions. We have assessed a downside risk of \$24.0m," which did not include any of the WIP recognised on the AusNet Contract (pp 4, 10) [DOW.1059.0015.0173].
- On 10 May 2022, at 10:57 am, KPMG emailed Scholtz, Stewart, and others the agenda for a meeting to be held with Downer Utilities at 2:00 pm that day [DOW.1032.0001.0024, DOW.1032.0001.0025]. In the agenda, the AusNet Contract was listed as one of four "with high WIP (>5m)".
- 7C On 13 May 2022, at 8:59 am, Stewart emailed KPMG an "Operations Summary Report" for the AusNet Contract, in which WIP, as at 31 March 2022, was graphed at about \$30m [DOW.3000.0020.9006].
- On 13 May 2022, at 11:49 am, Stewart emailed KPMG a spreadsheet in which WIP, as at 30 April 2022, was recognised at \$33.651m 80% more than the amount, \$18.687m, at which it had been recognised a year earlier [DOW.3000.0020.9074, DOW.3000.0020.9080].
- Py an exchange of emails on 30 May 2022, Rhys Hopkins, Director, Audit, Assurance & Risk Consulting, of KPMG (Hopkins), agreed with Stewart that, on 21 June 2022, KPMG would provide a "revenue training session" to finance staff at the Downer Group (Revenue Training Session) [DOW.3000.0057.1941].
- 7F By email of 31 May 2022, Stewart told Hopkins that, in the Revenue Training Session, "I think we should cover ... [c]onsiderations when commencing a new contract ie how should we recognise revenue? Distinct performance obligations ... payments for overhead plus schedule of rates for work orders under a single contract etc" [DOW.3000.0057.1941].
- In a report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 17 June 2022, KPMG advised that "[t]here are certain contracts where we consider the divisional contract positions to be 'optimistic' and not consistent with the threshold set by accounting standards for recognition of revenue." The AusNet Contract was not one of these contracts (see pp 4–5) [DOW.3000.0071.9605]. Accordingly, KPMG advised that "[r]ecognition" of the WIP on the AusNet Contract, at \$34.4m, was "acceptable", and "[t]he current level of accounting recognition appears appropriate" (p 26) (bold in original).

- 8. The Revenue Training Session took place on 21 June 2022. In the Session, Hopkins presented a "Revenue recognition refresher" in which the Core Revenue Principle was repeated, and it was acknowledged that "[r]evenue recognition [was] a key financial statement risk" (pp 2, 5) [DOW.3000.0021.0795; DOW.3000.0021.0796].
- 9. On 2 August 2022, Maganty emailed KPMG an Excel Workbook, entitled "OMSA GSC WIP Detail Jun22", which included a spreadsheet, entitled "OMSA WIP" (June 22 WIP Spreadsheet), which listed 22,453 Works Orders for which WIP had been recognised at \$38.825m [DOW.3000.0020.8945; DOW.3000.0020.8946]. Although the WIP was broken down by Works Order, it was not explained how the WIP had been calculated for any Works Order.
- 9A The WIP of \$38.825m, recognised in the June 22 WIP Spreadsheet, was recognised as at 30 June 2022. At that date, Downer Utilities' "contract assets" (see Sch 1, particular 4B), as reported in the financial report for FY22, stood at \$132.219m, (p 20) [DOW.3000.0071.9582]. Accordingly, at 30 June 2022, the WIP on the AusNet Contract was 29.36% of the contract assets.
- By email of 3 August 2022, KPMG requested further information (Works Order RFI) about three of the Works Orders, numbered 111412395, 111463035, and 111441356, listed in the June 22 WIP Spreadsheet [DOW.3000.0020.9042; DOW.3000.0020.9043].
- 10A In a report to the Audit & Risk Committee on 5 August 2022, KPMG advised that "[t]here are certain contracts where we consider the divisional contract positions to be 'optimistic' and not consistent with the threshold set by accounting standards for recognition of revenue." The AusNet Contract was not one of these contracts (pp 4–5) [DOW.1013.0002.1811].
- 10B Appended to that report was a draft opinion, proposed to be issued by KPMG on the Consolidated Financial Report for FY22, acknowledging that "[r]ecognition of revenue [was] a key audit matter" (app 1, p 27) [DOW.1013.0002.1811].
- 11. On 9 August 2022, in reply to the Works Order RFI, Stewart emailed KPMG an Excel Workbook entitled "OMSA WIP Detail June 22 KPMG", which disclosed that [DOW.3000.0020.9063; DOW.3000.0020.9066]:
 - (a) for Works Order 111412395, for which WIP had been recognised at \$4,239.28, the WIP was 60% of the agreed rate; yet "0" hours of "[a]ctual work" had been done;

- (b) for Works Order 111463035, for which WIP had been recognised at \$1,221.74, the WIP was 60% of the agreed rate; yet "0" hours of "[a]ctual work" had been done; and
- (c) for Works Order 111441356, for which WIP had been recognised at \$15,946.53, the WIP was 192% of the agreed rate.
- 12. On 11 August 2022, Scholtz emailed KPMG another Excel Workbook, entitled "OMSA JUN WIP Detail 110822", which included a spreadsheet entitled "June 22 WIP Cals 060722" (June 22 WIP Cals Spreadsheet), which listed 25,712 Works Orders for which WIP had been recognised at \$39.480m [DOW.1001.0001.4940; DOW.1001.0001.4941]. For each of these Works Orders, there was recorded:
 - (a) the agreed rate (described as "SAP Sell Rate", SAP being the software used by AusNet to issue the Works Order);
 - (b) a percentage, ranging from 40% to 100%;
 - (c) if the percentage was less than 100% (and, in many cases, even if it was 100%), an "Operation Status" equated to the percentage;
 - (d) a "WO Start Date"; and
 - (e) the age of the WIP.
- 13. From these data, it could be seen that:
 - (a) for each of the 25,712 Works Orders listed in the spreadsheet (apart from 191 that would be identified two days later by KPMG, as described in particular 15 below), the WIP was recognised at the agreed rate multiplied by the percentage;
 - (b) for 16,088 of the Works Orders, accounting for \$18.122m of the WIP, the "Operation Status" was given as "SCHD TRAN" or "SCPD TRAN", each of which, which would be translated two days later, as described in particular 14 below, was equated to 60% of the agreed rate;
 - (c) for 6,653 of the Works Orders, accounting for \$9.026m of the WIP, the "WO Start Date" was after 30 June 2022; yet, for each of these, the WIP was recognised at 60% or more of the agreed rate, and for 2,632 of them, accounting for \$0.653m of the WIP, the WIP was recognised at 100% of the agreed rate;
 - (d) for 12,068 of the Works Orders, accounting for \$15.199m of the WIP, the WIP was recognised at 100% of the agreed rate; yet for only 1,602 of these, accounting for

- \$4.097m of the WIP, did the "Operation Status" include "BCOM", which would be translated two days later, as described in particular 14 below; and
- (e) for 3,808 of the Works Orders, accounting for \$8.705m of the WIP, the WIP was aged over six months; and for 1,633 of these, accounting for \$3.3m of the WIP, the WIP was aged over 12 months.
- 14. On 12 August 2022, Scholtz emailed KPMG a spreadsheet, entitled "WIP Descriptions", which translated the "Operation Statuses" used in the June 22 WIP Cals Spreadsheet (see particulars 13(b) and 13(d) above) [DOW.1001.0001.2588; DOW.1001.0001.2589]. In this spreadsheet:
 - (a) "SCHD TRAN" was translated as "Scheduled, Transferred to Downer system";
 - (b) "SCPD TRAN" was translated as "Scoped, Transferred to Downer system"; and
 - (c) "BCOM" was translated as "Business complete". So, of the \$15.199m of WIP recognised in the June 22 WIP Cals Spreadsheet at 100% of the agreed rate, as described in particular 13(d) above, \$11.1m was recognised without the status, "Business complete".
- 15. By email 13 August 2022, 12:54 pm, KPMG wrote to Scholtz [DOW.1001.0001.2561]:

WIP journal calculation

- We have recalculated the expected WIP balance per the [June 22 WIP Cals Spreadsheet]. Our recalculation has been of SAP sell rate * percentage complete, has identified that there are 191 line items where the calculation identified a variance versus the WIP recognised.
- Of these 70 WOs recognise a greater value for WIP than that per the calculation.
 This totals \$951,395. There appears to be a formula adjustment within the tab to increase the WIP by 4.5% for each of these Wos. ...
- What is the 4.5% with respect to as it has not been identified in our conversations on the calculations?
- ...

Percentage complete definitions

- SCHD and SCOPED revenue is recognised at 60% per the file
- This recognises \$17.0m of WIP based on this on this status.

- How do you consider the 60% to be the appropriate percentage for these types of WO status. This may require additional conversations to help understand from our side.
- 15A On 13 August 2022, at 8:48 pm, Scholtz answered some of the questions in that email, but not those ones [DOW.1001.0004.6027].
- 16. On 29 August 2022, after it had reported on the Consolidated Financial Report, KPMG emailed Taryn Smith, Financial Controller of the Downer Group, a spreadsheet entitled "Downer list of audit misstatements", which acknowledged that revenue from the AusNet Contract, in the Consolidated Financial Report, had been overstated by \$6m [DOW.1016.0001.0582; DOW.1016.0001.0583].
- 17. Given particulars 1–16 above, after the FY20 and FY21 Overstatements, if KPMG had exercised reasonable care and skill in auditing the revenue recognised from the AusNet Contract in FY22, it would have discovered that about \$16.7m of that revenue should not have been recognised, according to AASB 15, as it comprised:
 - (a) amounts recognised for work not yet done, hence for stages of "performance obligations" not yet completed, contrary to paragraphs 31, 35, and 39 of AASB 15 (see paras 373(b)–(c) above); and
 - (b) amounts not recoverable at all, being in excess of the agreed rates for the Works Orders, contrary to paragraphs 2, 46, and 73 of AASB 15 (see paras 373(a), (e), and (f) above)

(FY22 Overstatement).

- 18. Had it discovered the FY22 Overstatement, KPMG, exercising reasonable care and skill:
 - (a) would have reported the Overstatement either to the directors or to the Audit & Risk Committee or to management, as required by the FY22 KPMG Retainer (see paragraph 365(b) above);
 - (b) in any case, would have reported the Overstatement both to management, as required by ASA 450 (see paragraph 369(b) above), and to the Audit & Risk Committee, as promised in the Audit Plan of 13 October 2021, where KPMG had promised to "report to the ... A&RC all unadjusted audit differences greater than \$2.0m" (p 2) [DOW.1059.0015.5545];
 - (c) would have requested that management correct the Overstatement, as required by ASA 450 (see paragraph 369(b) above); and

- (d) had management not corrected the Overstatement, would have reported the uncorrected Overstatement either to the Audit & Risk Committee or otherwise to the board and requested that they correct it, as required by ASA 450, interpreted in accordance with ASA 260 (see paragraphs 369(c) and 372 above).
- 19. Further particulars may be provided after discovery.